An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر بالانجليزية عن المُسسة الصحفية الاردنية «الراي، Palestinian police threaten journalists

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AP) - The Palestinian police on Monday threatened that journalists critical of the self-rule authority would be silenced. "Those reporters who draw nut their pens and spew their venom are leading the people astray and they must be silenced," said an open letter Monday signed by the public relations department of the Jericho police. "The rudeness in some local papers, which makes us ashamed to call them Palestinian papers, has forced us to respond," said the statement published across a quarter page in Al Nahar daily. It sent a chill through the journalistic community, which hoped that autonomy would bring the providence of the page of the providence of t an end to the widespread censorship experienced under the Israeli occupation. "We are working in a minefield. It is difficult fur us to appeare the opposition and not irritate the police," said Maher Alami, an editor at Al Quds daily for more than two decades. The paner's administration suspended publication of his column called "Concerns" which focused on current events from a man-on-thestreet perspective. Editors said that they had also been told that they could not publish any articles describing what was being done

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King, Christopher hold talks, hope for progress in all tracks

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter with agency dispatches

HIS MAJESTY King Hussein on Monday held talks with U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher and said he was very pleased with the progress achieved in the Jordanian-Israeli tracks of negotiations and expressed hupe that the other tracks in the Arab-Israeli peace pro-cess would also achieve simi-

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The King, speaking at the State Department, also paid tribute to the US. efforts that went to advancing the nego-

"We are indeed optimistic as far as the future is concerned in our quest for a just, durable and comprehensive peace," the King told reporters. "We are very happy indeed that on the Jordanian-Israeli track we are about to begin to address the problems that were part of the agenda worked out earlier and beginning with border demarcation, delineation.

"We appreciate certainly the role of our friends in supporting us and our efforts to arrive at this point."

The King was asked whether Jordan would sign a peace accord with Israel withKing replied, "we hope to see better support. But regarding us, we follow the Jordanian dimensions of the problem which we have started together from the same point... and as nur hrethren in Syria are negotiating, we are negotiating at the same

Asked if Jordan would sign a peace treaty with Israel if the Kingdom and the Jewish state could reach one before Syria and Lehanon did, the

King said:
"It is a difficult question, and I would like to say that Jordan is practising its sovereignty and is dealing with its causes and the way to finding a solution to them. I hope that progress would take place on all other tracks to achieve comprehensive

Asked whether he had recently met with Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin in London as suggested in some reports, the King said: "I do not confirm or deny such

At another point the King said, "I've never been afraid of daylight" and "the opportunity will come sometime soon for a meeting between Israeli and Jordanian officials.'

Mr. Christopher said he out waiting for Syria. The planned to make another swing through the Middle East in the coming months to help push forward the peace

"I will be probably going to the Middle East sometime before the summer is out. I expect to be going sometime in a relative near future," he said before a lunch with King

Mr. Christopher congratulated King Hussein for making "very real progress" in otiations with Israel and said his discussions with the Monarch would focus on Jordan's defence needs and its economic situation.

The U.S. chief diplomat said the United States intended to press its efforts to achieve an overall peace, adding that he was "not at all discouraged" by the negotiations between Israel and

"Both countries seem to be serious with the discussions," Mr. Christopher said. "I would expect that before the summer is ont, we'll see some progress being made."

Mr. Christopher's last trip to the Middle East was in April and May when he shuttled to help mediate the negotiations between Israel and Syria.

"I am not pessimistic at all with the possibility of achieving some peace... I totally agree with His Majesty King Hussein that it is necessary to achieve peace in a comprehensive framework and I expect that progress would be achieved on all tracks," Mr.

The King met with Mr. Christopher for almost half an hour, followed by a working lunch attended by repre-sentatives of both sides.

On the Jordanian side the talks were attended by Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali, Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, the King's Political Advisor Marwan Al Qassem, the King's Military Secretary Prince Talai Ben Mohammad, Information Minister Jawad Al Anani, Finance Minister Sami Gammoh and Jordan's Ambassador in Washington Fayez

On the American side the talks were attended by Assistant Secretary of State for Near East Affairs Robert Pelletrean, United States Information Agency (USIA) Director Joseph Davy, National Security Advisor Martin Indyke, Middle East coordinator Dennis Ross and other officials.

The King and the delegation later held talks with Commerce Secretary Ron

Monday following shelling by North Yemeni forces during the night (see story below) (AFP photo) WAR DAMAGE: Two Yemeni girls look at damages in a school situated in the Shelkh Othman area of Aden on

Jordan pledges help to develop Palestinian educational sector

AMMAN (J.T) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hazsan, the Regent, on Monday underlined the importance of maintaining the strongest possible ties between the people of Jordan and Palestine in the educational and social fields.

"I would like to reaffirm and reiterate His Majesty King Hussein's concern for supporting the Palestinian people and maintaining the strongest ties between the two sides in educational and social fields," the Regent said at a meeting with the Palesti-nian Higher Education Coun-

cil at the Royal Court.
In his meetings with Palestine President Yasser Arafat and Palestinian officials King Hussein has stressed Jordan's

for helping the Palestinian people attain their national objectives, the Regent said. Prince Hassan referred to a

conference by the United Nations Works and Relief Agency (UNRWA) held in Amman on June 1 and 2, which, he said, aimed at help-ing the Palestinian people restore and improve social and educational services.

The Regent expressed satisfaction with the help being provided by U.N. agencies to the Palestinians, noting that the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) had been talking about income-generating projects for the Palestinians. He also referred to a recent agreement between the Palestinians and the United tion (UNESCO).

But he stressed the need for such cooperation with various agencies to fall within the framework of a plan agreed on with Arab states in advance that Arah and Islamic principled stands could be safeguarded.

The Regent pledged Jordan's willingness to deepen the cooperation with the Palestinians in all social and educational fields.

Speaking at the outset of the meeting, Yasser Amer, the Palestinian minister in charge of higher education, emphasised that the Palestine Higher Education Department considers itself as an extension to the Jordanian Ministry of Education.

The Ministry of Education

in Jordan was instrumental in helping to set up the Palestinian Higher Educational Department and a great number of teachers at Jordanian universities head different sections in this department, Mr. Amer said.

"We will continue to maintain this cooperation and coordinate our policies pertaining to educational matters in Palestine and Jordan," he added.

In the occupied territories, he said, "we will face a challenge from the Israeli society and we seek to build and strengthen our educational infrastructure to confront this challenge. We plan to do so through close cooperation with Jordan and other Arah

(Continued on page 12)

Yemeni fighting rages after truce bid fails

NORTHERN TROOPS

stepped up attempts to cap-ture the southern stronghold of Aden on Monday after U.N. efforts to broker a ceasefire collapsed.

Fighting raged on battlefronts around the city throughout Monday, killing two southern fighters and wounding seven mure, according to a military

U.N. special envoy Lakh-dar Ibrahimi said in Cairo after a failed mediation mission that he would not recommend sanctions against the warring sides, saying peace efforts would continue.

The northern Yemeni guvernment gave Mr. Ibrahimi new ideas on a ceasefire hut a southern Yemeni delegation left Cairo for North Africa saying their rivals were just wasting time.

Mr. Ibrahimi tried on Sunday to bring the northerners and southerners together for the first direct talks since war

Combined agency dispatches broke out in Yemen on May vated 4 hut he eventually gave np and decided to fly back to New York to report to the U.N. secretary-general. He said on Monday morn-

ing that both sides agreed that a ceasefire was needed but that they could not agree on a mechanism for making sure it would last.

the northern Yemeni delegation met Mr. Ibrahimi again on Munday afternoon and one of the members, Ahmad Al Iryani, told Reuters they suhmitted new proposals on how to monitor

He said the proposals were within the framework of reviving the joint military commission" hut declined to go

into details. The two sides disagree on how to set up a ceasefire mechanism, with the south insisting un international observers and the north pressing for a joint Yemeni military commission set up before the war to be reacti-

Mr. Ibrahimi said: "There are two things everyone agrees on, including the warring parties — the need for a ceasefire and for dialogue to find a solution.

"But above all else we need a ceasefire. We have to set up a mechanism to monitor it and then we can start talking."

But he said peace efforts would continue, and said he would not recommend sanctions against the warring sides. "We are not at that stage vet, we are searching for a solution and we will continue our efforts," he told reporters as he left Cairo for New York.

Esmat Ahdul Megnid. secretary general of the Arab League, said after talks with Mr. Ibrahimi on Monday: "A solution to the Yemeni crisis is emerging on the horizon."

President Ali Abdullah Saleh, the northern leader, has threatened to storm

Clinton cautious on Korea

WASHINGTON (R) -President Bill Clinton said Monday there are "hopeful signs" a clash over North Korea's nuclear programme can be averted, but cautioned that Pyongyang's offer to freeze the programme had to

be verified. It was Mr. Clinton's first public comment on the situation since former President Jimmy Carter returned from a private visit to North Korea with a set of understandings designed to ease suspicions about the North's nuclear ambitions.

Mr. Carter said after briefing White House aides Sunday that he thought the crisis was over, but Mr. Clinton was clearly more wary.

There are some hopeful signs... but the critical ques-tion is: Are they willing to freeze this nuclear programme?" the president said in an interview on NBC's "Today"

"If it's going to be frozen, then clearly that is ground for talking, but we have to know what the facts are so we'll be attempting to determine

Mr. Carter hriefed top Clinton administration officials Sunday upon return from a private visit to North (Continued on page 12)

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The World

Bank believes Jordan stands

to benefit considerably from

the development of the

Palestinian economy in the

West Bank and Gaza Strip

since the Kingdom could offer key ingredients to the

economic process that has been launched with the be-

ginning of Palestinian self-

rule, a senior World Bank

It was the first comment of

an international official of

that stature that Jordan was

seen as a potentially impor-

tant partner in building

Palestinian infrastructure. It

also implied that the World

Bank, which is coordinating

up to \$2.2 billion in interna-

tional aid to the Palestinians,

might even have such a role

carved out for Jordan.

official said Monday.

Nations Educational, Sciensense of serious responsibility Shaath harassed by Israeli soldiers

JERICHO (Agencies) — Top Palestinian negotiator Nabil Shaath, on a tour of the self-rule area of Jericho, accused Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin on Monday of violating his peace agreement with the Palestine Liberation

"Mr. Rabin used to tell us that Israel takes time until it agrees hat when it agrees it commits itself to everything it agrees. Everywhere I am seeing here violations by Israel of this agreement," he

Organisation (PLO).

Israeh soldiers prevented Dr. Shaath from visiting the King Hussein Bridge over the Jordan River, the main link between the West Bank and Jordan.

"This is a violation of the agreement, straight and naked violation of the agreement," Dr. Shaath angrily told reporters after troops at a roadblock forced his car to

turn back. A spokesman for Mr. Rabin said he would have to check on the charges before commenting. Dr. Shaath, a member of

the Palestinian authority, had been living in Egypt until last week when he arrived to take up permanent residence in the self-ruled area of Gaza. He also complained Israeli

soldiers were forcing Palestinian farmers to wait for hours at a checkpoint separating Jericho from the village of Onja, both within the West Bank self-ruled area. Dr. Shaath postponed a

visit to east Jerusalem on Monday for what another Palestinian negotiator said (Continued on page 12)

Apeals court upholds verdict in Times case

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The Court of Appeals has upheld sentences passed on the chief editor of the Jordan Times, George Hawatmen, and reporter Sana Atiyeh, by the Court of First Instance which convicted them of violating the press and publications

Lawyer Ibrahim Bakr said he intended to seek permission from the Ministry of Justice or the chief prosecutor general to file an appeal at the Court of Cassation. A ruling by the court of appeals needs such a permission before it could be reviewed at a higher court, he said.

In its May 16 verdict, uf the Court of First Instance ordered Mr. Hawatmeh and Ms. Atiyeh to pay JD300 each fine and court costs for carrying a report in Octuber related to a State Security Court trial of 10 people accused of plotting to assassinate His Majesty King Hus-

The ruling was the cul-mination of a 4-week trial in which the Jordan Times stood accused of violating Articles 40/A/2 and 42 of the law, which was passed by the 11th Parliament and came into effect in the middle uf

The first article stipulates that publications are forbidden tu print "news items, drawings or commentaries disparaging the Armed Forces or the security apparata." Article 42 forbids "publishing transcripts of any case before the final verdict, except with court permission."

"Buth juurnalists had pleaded nut guilty to the

3 Israeli soldiers killed in South Lebanon flare-up

MARJAYOUN, Lehanon (Agencies) — Three Israeli soldiers were killed in South Lehanon on Monday when resistance force ambushed their patrol after Israeh air raids, security sources said. Israeli shelling killed a 65year-old woman and wound-

They said three soldiers were wonnded in the ambush, one of them badly. and an armoured personnel carrier was destroyed when guerrillas fired rockets and mortars at the patrol near Beaufort Castle on the edge of the Israeli occupation

ed three civilians, the sources

It was the bloodiest attack against Israeli forces in South Lehanon since Feb. 7 when Hizbollah (Party of God) fighters killed four Israeli soldiers and wounded five in a clash. One guerrilla was kil-

led in the duels then. Also on Monday the guerrillas fired mortar bombs and rockets at Israeli troops and allied South Lebanon Army (SLA) militiamen manning posts on nearby Ali Taher hill, the sources said.

Israeli and SLA forces fired dozens of heavy artillery shells at villages to the north, killing an elderly woman and wounding three other civihans in Kfar Tibnit. The shelling caused several fires in wheat fields. The Islamic Resistance.

Hizbollah's military arm, claimed responsibility for the attack on the Israeli patrol saying several soldiers were killed and many vehicles were destroyed. The guerrillas struck short-

ly after Israeli planes rock-eted Hizbollah outposts in southeastern Lebanon — the most explosive frontline in the Arab-Israeli conflict. Peace talks between Lebanon and Israel have made little

progress.
The sources said Israel maintaining a recent escalation of air raids into Lebanon - sent warplanes to blast Hizbollah positions in hills near Maydoun on the southern edge of the western Befighters launch attacks against the eastern sector of the Israeli-held zone.

Israeli military sources said anonymously that only one Israeh soldier was killed and. four were wounded. The discrepancy in the figures could not be immediately resolved. The Lebanese sources said a Lebanese woman was killed and five other Lebanese, in-

wounded in the Israeli air strikes and ensuing artillery Massive artillery and rocket duels raged along the northern fringes of the enclave after the ambush, pitting Israeli troops and SLA

cluding two guerrillas, were

militiamen against Hizbollah's guerrillas. Two guerrillas and two civilians, a man and a woman, were wounded in the two Israeli air raids on Hizbollah strongholds. The woman, Khadija Bishir, 66, later died in hospital..

Hizbollah positions lobbed at least 12 Katyusha rockets into the occupied enclave afkaa Valley from where the ter the air strikes,

Chopra: Jordanian potential high in W. Bank, Gaza By P.V. Vivekanand

Ram Chopra, head of the Middle East (Al Mashreq) division of the World Bank, also said that private-sectorled growth in exports and development of human resources were two key steps that should see Jurdan address its economic problems and achieve selfrehance.

'Given its proximity to the West Bank and Gaza, (Jordan) potentially can gain from the investments that we expect to happen, given the large aid flows that are coming to the West Bank and Gaza," Mr. Chopra said in an interview. "Given the skill levels that are present in Jordan, (Jordanians) could participate, advise and help the West Bank and Gaza people in their development prog-rammes," the World Bank

official said. Another key area where

Jordan could benefit from the international aid to the Palestinians is the actual building of infrastructure projects in the West Bank and Gaza Strip. "Given the contracting and the sub-contracting facilities available here I am sure Jordan could participate in some of the projects that are going to be done in the West Bank and Gaza as a result of the large aid programmes that are being implemented," Mr.

Chopra said. Asked whether this meant that the World Bank was considering the aid flow to the Palestinians as an "indirect" means of help to Jordan, Mr. Chopra said: "Yes, that is one of the U.N. recommendations. That is exactly that."

His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, met with Mr. Chopra on Sun-

day for a review of World Bank programmes in Jordan and related issues as well as the economic impact of the peace process on the King-

Describing relations be-tween Jordan and the World Bank as the best in the reglon, Mr. Chopra said he and the Regent discussed "the programmes that we should have between Jordan and the World Bank for the next three or four years."

"We had full understanding about the kind of priorities that we should have in Jordan, which include looking at encouraging the private sector-led, export-led growth," he said. Other bilateral issues covered during the meeting, he said, included developing human resources and environmental

Another key topic was how

the developments in the peace process would affect the Jordanian economy, particularly that the Jurdanian dinar is in circulation in the

West Bank and Gaza Strip. "We are working together, at their request, to consider what are the implications of the regional peace process on the Jordanian economy, and how in our bilateral programmes we can work with the government of Jordan to benefit from the situation in the Middle East," Mr. Chopra

On the other side, given that there are so many challenges and risks involved for the Jordanian economy, how to assist the government of Jordan to try and minimise those risks," said the World

Bank official. While Mr. Chopra did not

(Continued on page 12)

operations in month

JERICHO (R) — The man responsible for running Palestinian self-rule finances has returned to the West Bank for the first time in 28 years and vowed to have finance and tax departments up and running within a month.

Mohammad Nashashihi holds the finance portfolio in the Palestinian authority and is the first member of the Palestine Liberation Orgamisation'a (PLO) Executive Committee to return under

the peace deal with Israel.
"The purpose of my visit is to set up my ministry and get it running efficiently. This is the most important department." he told reporters at a relative's house in Jericho where he was greeted by

"I think it will take a maximum one month,"

Mr. Nashashibi, a 68-yearold former bank manager, will be in charge of raising taxes and arranging finances for the Palestinian self-rule administration which began last month in Gaza and Jericho.

Palestinian self-rule in its first few weeks has been hampered hy a critical shortage of funds. Policemen and civil servants have been paid until the end of June but it is not clear what will happen after

Many officea inherited from the fsraeli-run civil administration are not runming at full strength and other new offices Palestinians have announced they are setting up so far remain on paper.

Mr. Nashashibi said none of the \$42 million urgent aid promised by donors at a World Bank-run conference in Paris this month had arrived in the PLO's coffers. The PLO says it desperately needs the money for running

Many Israelis and Palestinians say the self-rule administration needs to show rapid economic benefits to the population in Gaza and Jericho to win their support. But Mr. Nashashibi said the money issue had been over-

"We are struggling for 50 years and money never was a burning issue, and it is not a burning issue now. We will get the money sooner or later," he said.

Mr. Nashashibi said the PLO was seriously considering a proposal by the International Monetary Fund to allow private hanks and the post office to collect revenues for the authority, taking a commission. The civil adminiatration used a similar

"We have to choose the right hanks, with a good reputation and we are considering this now," he said. His first priority, he said, was to fill the 350 positions out of about 600 in the finance and customs departments of the former civil administration that had been occupied by Israelis.

Mr. Nashashibi, who comes from a prominent East Jerusalem family, left the West Bank in 1966 and has since lived in Lebanon, Syria and Jordan.

Nashashibi to set up | Abdul Rahim hails Jordan-Israel progress | Army reseals home of

AMMAN (Petra) — The along any one track could Palestiman ambassador to Jordan Al Tayeb Ahdul Rahim, on Monday welcomed the progress achieved along the Jordanian-Israeh track of the Arab-Israeli peace process and stressed that the achievement in no way contradicts Jordan's commitment to coordination with the other Arab parties.

Mr. Abdul Rahim, who has been appointed as minister of the Palestine National authority's presidency affairs, said progress along the Jordanian-Israeli track constitutes support for the Palestinians and backs any progress along all the other Arab-Israeli tracks.

Denying that progress

lead to Israel reaching separate treaties with the Arab states, Mr. Abdul Rahim said that each of the Arab parties involved in the peace process seeks a lasting and just solution and they are in agreement that there can be no final treaty before all outstanding issues along all

tracks have been settled. "We welcome the progress achieved on the Jordanian-Israeli track and we consider it as an achievement because it aims at regaining Arab lands and waters," Mr. Abdul Rahim said. "Progress along any one track should not frighten any other Arab party. On the contrary such progress can be conducive to achieving further advances along the other tracks."

Thanking Jordan for its help to the Palestinian people, he said that the Kingdom had been a "brother to Palestine and the Palestinian people and this was clearly manifested during all the negotiation sessions with Israel."

He said that the Palestine National Authority and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) should deepen their relations with the Arab World, particularly with Jordan and Egypt in the economic fields so that the Palestinian economic infrastructure can be based on firm ground.

Stressing that coordination with all Arab parties will

continue, the amhassador urged Airab countries to extend full backing to Syria and its demand for a complete end to the Israeli occupation of the Golan Heights in ex-

the signing of the Palestiman-Jordanian economic accord, the ambassador said the Palestinians were seeking an appropriate mechanism for the implementation of the agreement reached in January, "especially now that we have secured substantial gains through the Palestinian-Israeli economic agreement which had not been taken into account" when Jordan and the PLO reached the January accord.

change for peace. Referring to the delay in

Palestinian activist

TEL AVIV (AP) - Israeh soldiers sealed up the home of a Palestinian activist Sunday two days after it was broken open by demonstrators testing the limits of the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) peace accord.

The house in Izzariya, a West Bank town next to Jerusalem, belongs to the family of Samer Al Masri, 22. It was cemented shut five years ago when he went lo prison for throwing stones at Israelis. Mr. Masri, who was active

with the PLO's mainstream Fatch movement, is out of jail after a four-year prison term. He is now a supporter of the Israel-PLO accord. and works in a pizzeria in a Jewish neighbourhood in erusalem. Mnbarak Awad, a Palesti-

nian of Washington D.C., led a group that broke the seal on Friday to show that the continued seal on some 350 homes in the West Bank and East Jerusalem were an

obstacle to peacemaking On Sunday, soldiers came back, clamped a curfew on the town and resealed the home, Israeli and Palestinian reports said.

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Dr. Awad's Palestinian Centre for the Study of Non-Violence protested the renewed sealing in a statement as "a cruel form of punish ment targeting the families and the children."

The army had no comquoted military sources as confirming the house was resealed and asserting it was up to the army to decide when a sealed home should be opened.

Since occupying the West .
Bank in the 1967 Mideast war, the army often punished Palestinians charged with violence by sealing their homes in addition to jailing them.

But the practice virtually ground to a halt in the wake of last September's peace accord, which lead to autonomy for the Gaza Strip and West Bank area of Jericho.

Olmert Million Jews would bar Arafat nian reasons" for Dr. visit Israel, Jerusalem, the ter Yitzhak Rabin's govern-

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) — Israel's Jewish mayor of Jerusalem, Ehud Olmert, vowed on Monday to muster a million people to confront Yasser Arafat should the Palestinian leader try to visit the Holy City.

But Mr. Olmert, of the opposition Likud Party, said he disapproved of a reported comment by his deputy last month offering the city's top award to anyone who would kill Mr. Arafat.

"I don't like what he said and I said it in the harshest possible terms and he will never repeat it again," said the mayor, six-and-a-half months on the joh.

Mr. Olmert said his own threat of confrontation had so far deterred Prime Minisment from letting Mr. Arafat visit fslam's third holiest site known as Haram Al

But if the government changed its mind and allowed Mr. Arafat to visit Jerusalem sites, Mr. Olmert told Reuters, "we will bring in a million people to Jerusalem." He said they would stand behind the walls of the Old City to keep Mr. Arafat out.

Israeli hardliners oppose letting Mr. Arafat include Jerusalem on an expected tour as early as this month that will include the areas of Gaza and Jericho that Israel turned over to Palestinian self-rule in May.

"This is a very stupid idea

Temple Mount' - first and foremost the Temple Mount. Jerusalem is such a sensitive place. It is so complex. It is so volatile," Mr. Olmert said.

Mr. Olmert wrote to Mr. Rabin on Sunday urging that Nabil Shaath, Mr. Arafat's chief negotiator in peace talks with Israel, also be prevented from entering Jerusalem for fear of endangering the city's security.

Dr. Shaath, the second highest ranking Palestine Liberation Organisation PLO official to enter the self-rule areas so far, put off a trip to Arab East Jerusalem planned for Monday until at least next week.

Another Palestinian negotiator cited "internal PalestiShaath's postponement, but on Sunday Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres said Dr Sheath had not coordinated it with Israeli authorities as would be required. Mr. Olmert also assailed

Mr. Arafat's remarks last month calling for jihad - a boly war - for Jerusalem. Mr. Olmert rejected Mr. Arafat's contention later that he meant by jihad only a peaceful crusade.

The gut meaning of jihad is a holy war, which is the only possible interpretation for the use of these words when it comes to Jews," said Mr. Olmert, who ousted longtime mayor Teddy Kollek in a hard-fought race last November.

to allow Arafat to come and Turkey apprehensive of Russian designs

Afghan peace talks slightly delayed

KABUL (AFP) — A meeting of special peace delegations from rival Afghan faction leaders President Burhanuddin Rabbani and Prime Minister Gulhuddin Hekmatyar has been postponed by one day, an official mediator said Monday. "Everything is finalised for

Tuesday," said Jalil Shams, who is also deputy foreign

Mr. Shams, who returned to Kabul Mouday after a meeting with Mr. Hekmatyar at the prime minister's Charasiab headquarters east of the capital, said the proposed Monday meeting had been delayed because the delegations had not been ready in

The composition of the delegations was not complete and some of the delegates were not yet in the country," he explained.

He said he was hopeful the meeting - scheduled at the headquarters of Hekmatyar'a Shiite ally, Hezb-e-Islami faction leader Abdul Ali Mazari - would begin Tuesday on time.

Mr. Shams said the first item on the agenda would be a declaration of a ceasefire and the lifting of all hlockades on national highways.
"The ceasefire will be valid

till the end of June. If the negotiations are successful then it will be extended," Mr. Shams declared. Mr. Hekmatyar expects

Mr. Rabbani to resign at the end of June in accordance with earlier peace accords but spokesmen for the Afghan president have repeatedly: stated that Mr. Rabbani will only surrender his authority to a national assembly.

Such an assembly is expected to be convened in the western provincial capital of Herat, but not for several months.

The possibility of renewed hostilities at the end of June cannot be ruled out if Tuesday's talks bere bog down. The Kabul meetings are de-scribed as "preliminary" before the larger Herat confernce to which all faction leaders have been invited.

It is not yet clear if Mr. Hekmatyar's ally, ex-communist General Abdul Rashid Dostum, will be invited to Herat. There was a beavy ex-

change of shelling in the capital late Sunday but the city was calm Monday, although in the south around the Darulaman Palace there was tension between opposing factions who have clashed daily for the last five days.

The pro-Rabhani Shiite Harakat-e-Islami faction fought with elements of Mr. Hekmatyar's Hezb-e-Islami faction at Darulaman late Sunday and a nearby base was seen still burning late Monday.

A day of battles between rival Afghan parties over stolen jeeps killed one person and injured 20 on Sunday.

Fierce exchanges of heavy machinegun fire, rockets and shelling raged throughout the day between the forces of Mr. Hekmatyar and guerrillas of the Harakat-e-Islami, witnesses said.

been killed and dozens injured since the latest clash in the war-shattered eity erupted on Thursday, when each side accused the other of stealing vehicles.

Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331.

ANKARA (AP) — Turkey watched the collapse of its giant Soviet neighbour to the north with relief three years ago. But the feeling did not

Fear of Russian nationalism, unrest in the Caucasus and the spread of ethnic violence close to its borders again upset Turkey.

"If nationalist and expansionist policies to rebuild an empire prevail in Russia, it will be a threat for the whole world." Prime Minister Tansu Ciller said recently.

Last month, General Dogan Gures, the chief of staff, told the daily Sabah: "Russia became a serious danger. ... Today, there is a Kussia wiich denaves czarist motivation."

The military retracted Gen. Gures's statement after the Russian Foreign Ministry After the Soviet collapse,

Turkey was overjoyed with talk of its rise as a regional power as a result of a Westem preference for its secular, democratic state over the newly independent nations in central Asia and Azerbaijan. where 50 million people, most of Turkish origin, five. But Ankara could not pledge funding to its fellow

predominantly Muslim re-

publics. Ambassador Umut Arik, who heads a Foreign Ministry agency overseeing relations with the Central Asian republics, talked last week in parliament about financial restraints with tears rolling

down his cheeks. Turkey educates 8,000 students from these countries but it is unclear whether they take home pro-Turkish

Russia already has a military presence in Georgia and is pushing for a similar arrangement in Armenia and Azerbaijan. Moscow also wants to increase its armour in the northern Cancasus. "Our neighbour Russia

gets increasingly closer,' Alian Oymen, the daily Milliyer's chiet columnist, wrote. International experts feel Russia is less threatening now to Turkey, which joined the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) to counter the Soviet threat and was a staunch U.S. ally during the cold war.

"Russia is hardly a military threat to Turkey, but there will be frictions," said Alvin Z. Rubinstein, a political science professor at the University of Pennsylvania.

Ottoman Turks and the czarist Russia fought 13 wars in the 18th and 19th centuries. Relations improved after the Bolshevik Revolution and the founding of modern Turkey in 1923, but soured after World War II, when the Soviet Union demanded Turkish territory in the east and control over the Turkish

straits. Turkey is also watching other former Soviet states. President Sulleyman Demirel visited Ukraine last month to reaffirm Turkey's commitment to Ukraine's territorial

integrity. It has been carefully monitoring the attempts of a Russian majority in Crimea to join Russia. About 150,000 Turkish-speaking Crimean

Tatars are caught in the territorial tug-of-war between Russia and Ukraine,

Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev of Russia said in Istanbul last week during a NATO meeting that his country bad second thoughts about new Turkish safety rules for passing through the Turkish straits, which Russia wants to use for oil shipments.

Ankara feels Moscow is delaying agreement on building an oil pipeline from Central Asia and Azerbaijan through Turkey to the

Mediterranean Sea Tarkey is bampered by Kurdish separatists seeking an independent homeland in the southeast. The governfrom the West for its harsh military crackdown on the

unrest. Moscow is aware of Turkey's weakness. A Kurdish conference in Moscow in February brought together the Kurdish populations of the former Soviet Union as well as Turkey's Kurds, to. Ankara's dismay.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Shaath invites Chirac to 'beautify' Gaza

JERICHO (AFP) - Senior Palestinian official Nabil Shaath said Monday he plans to invite Paris Mayor Jacques Chirac to the autonomous area of Gaza in an effort to "beautify" the place. "Paris is beautiful, we want to cooperate with France to also make Gaza beautiful." said Dr. Shaath, who holds the portfolio of minister of international cooperation in the new Palestinian Authority. He was speaking to reporters after a meeting with Jean de Ghniasty, France's consul-general in East Jerusalem. Some 800,000 Palestinians are crowded into the Gaza Strip where the intifada against Israel exploded in December 1987 leading to civie breakdown. Public services bave largely collapsed, rubbish remains uncollected, many streets are potholed or just dust tracks and virtually every wall is daubed with grafitti. Some effort has been made to clean up Gaza City, but Palestinians acknowledge a lot remains to be done. Dr. Shaath said bis talks with Mr. De Gliniasty focused on French aid toward the cleaning up of Gaza. "I am thinking of contacting Jacques Chirac to come visit Gaza with French experts and remove all traces of the occupation," Dr. Shaath said.

Two civilians assassinated in Algeria

ALGIERS (AFP) - Two Algerian civilians were killed in eastern Algeria by unknown assailants, security services said Monday, taking to six the number of civilians gunned down in June by suspected Islamic fundamentalists. Mohammad Rouibah, 62, a member of the independence war's veterans' association, was killed near his home in Constantine on Saturday, Maalab Al Eulmi was shot dead in Batna on Friday, security services said, but gave no other. details. The killings bring to six the number of civilians slain so far this month by suspected fundamentalist militants. Yousef Fatallah, president of the Algerian Human Rights league, was shot and killed in his Algiers office Saturday, following the deaths earlier of the rector of Bab Ezzouar University, Salah Djebaili, chief of the government customs service Abdullah Moussouni and journalist Ferhat Cherkit.

Damascus Declaration to discuss Yemen

ABU DHABI (AFP) - Foreign ministers from Egypt, Syria and six Gulf Arab states will meet in Kuwait next week to discuss the civil war in Yemen, the official Emirates news agency WAM said on Monday. ft said the war, which erupted between rival north and sonth forces on May 5, would top the agenda during talks hy the ministers from the Damascus Declaration alliance at their ninth meeting from June 27 and 29. Egypt and the Gnlf Cooperation Council (GCC) have been actively involved in efforts to end the hostilities, which have led the south to declare independence four years after former North and South Yemen were merged. At talks in Riyadh earlier this month, GCC foreign ministers urged the warring parties to respect a U.N. call for a ceasefire in a communique which carried an implicit recognition of the southern breakaway state. But so far no country has officially recognised the Yemen Democratic Republic.

Bashir, U.S. envoy discuss Sudan peace

KHARTOUM (R) - Sndan's president Omar Hassan Al Bashir discussed the peace process in war-torn Sudan with U.S. envoy Melissa Wells during her visit last week, the official Sudan News Agency (SUNA) said on Monday. SUNA quoted General Bashir as telling his cahinet that Ms. Wells, envoy of U.S. President Bill Clinton, was informed of the government's efforts to achieve peace in Sudan. The government is fighting rebels in the south. Ms. Wells, who visited Khartoum and Kordofan state, also discussed relief assistance to the Sudanese. Ms. Wells, who met Gen. Bashir on June 13, has described her visit to Sudan as "constructive."

Rabin accuses union leaders of weakening Labour Labour breakaway, Haim Likud. Likud dominated

TEL AVIV (AP) - Hecklers nearly shouted Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin off the podium at a Labour Party meeting Sunday when he accused union leaders of en-couraging a right-wing political comeback in Israel.

The dispute was over the party's failure to patch up quarrels which has losi it a crucial labour union election and threatens to undermine Mr. Rabin's authority at a critical juncture in Mideast peace efforts.

Angry central committee members drowned out much of Mr. Rabin's speech at a More than 20 people have headquarters in a Tel Aviv suhurb. He scolded them for sanctioning union coalitions talks with the rightist Likud Party, suggesting that a Likud foothold in the powerful Histadrut Labour Federation could help it win national elections in 1996. "What are you trying to do, crown the Likud leader of

the country? We put them in the opposition and that is why we have a peace pro-cess, Mr. Rabin said. Mr. Rabin argued that his

government had kept its promises, namely, by grant-ing autonomy to Palestinians in the Gaza Strip and West Bank region of Jericho in mid-May, hringing "relative a relaxation in terrorism, and the people value this."

"Where did we go wroog? In the Histadrut," Mr. Rabin

shouled, referring to the powerful labour federation

that Labour controlled for

decades before a May 10

electoral upset won by a

Civil Defence Department 661111 Civil Defence Immediate

Ramon. Someone was heard shoul-

ing, "We have some complaints about you." And Mr. Rabin later left the hall in protest when a Tel Aviv Labour leader, Gershon Gelman, was given the floor.

Israeli commentators said il was the loughest show against Rahin in the party's governing body, since Mr. Rabin took over from Foreign Minister Shimon Peres as party leader in February 1992. Mr. Peres still has strong support in the central committee.

They speculated about a fresh flare up of a Rahin-Peres feud such as the one which led to Labour's historic electoral loss in 1977 to the

Israeli governments until 1992 when Mr. Rabin came to power. Mr. Rabin's election broke a lengthy stale-mate in fsraeli-Palestinian peace efforts, and led to the Sept. 13 Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) accord, which Likud Relations between suppor-

ters of Mr. Rabin and Mr. Peres have heen strained since Mr. Rabin named one of his camp, Ephraim Sneh, as health minister last month. over Mr. Peres' objections. But Mr. Peres denied any new rivalry with Mr. Rahin.
"I know the media is impa-

tient to find out when this

war will break out. I haven't

FOR THE TRAVELLER

declared it, and I won't," he

QUEEN ALIA Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6 INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Ouern Alia In-ternational Airport Tel. (188)532RJ-5, where it should always be veri-666127/37 ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ)

> (Terminal 1) 64:10 Jakaria, Kuala Lumpur (RJI 68:39 Dhehran (RJI 10:15 Aqaba (RJ)
> 10:15 Aqaba (RJ)
> 10:15 Abu Dhabi, Al Ain (RJ)
> 10:35 Muscat (RJ)
> 10:30 Doha, Bahrain (RJ) tt:90 Dubai (RJ)

Other Flights (Terminal 2) Paris, Beirul (AF Kiev (-_)
Beirut (ME) 23:25 Amsterdam (K DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) (Terminai 1)

Brussels, Paris (RJ Geneva, Madrid (RJ) 13:45 Cairo (RI Kuala Lumpur. Singapore (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) Cairo (MS) Vienna (OS)

MARKET PRICES Upper/lower price in fils per kg. Apricots 500/ 300 700/500 900 / 600 Lemon 500 / 350
Marrow (large) 500 / 350
Marrow (small) 150 / 100
Marrow (small) 150 / 100 Mulukhiah Оталес 420/ 32/3 180 / 80 Pepper (sweet)
Potato 300 / 200 .. Damascus (AZ) 350y 250 Peaches Tomato Tomato 700/ 500
String beans 140/ 60
Watermelon 550/ 400 Kicy (-..... Amsterdam (KL) Bucharest (RO) ······- 120 / 80

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Dep. Annuan ... 8:00 a.m. every Monday Arr. Damaseus 5:00 p.m. every Monday Dep. Damaseus 7:30 a.m. every Sunday Arr. Amman ... 5:00 p.m. every Sunday

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME TWO Envoye Special News in French Grands Galops 20:30 Step by Step 21:20 Daily summary of football 22:00 News in English

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Church of the Annunciation Tel.

Augilican Church Tel. 630851. Tel. 628543.

ins Orthodox Church Tcl. 51. – Iphraim Church Tel. 771751. san International Church Tel. Evangelical Lutheran Church Tcl: 824328. German-speaking Evangetical Congregation Tel. 684195
The Church of Jesus Christ of
Latter-Day Suints Tel. 654932
Church of Nazarene Tel. 675691. The Evangelical Local Church is Ameter Tel. 811295.

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Depart-ment of Meteorology. Relative hot weather will prevail with winds northwesterly light to moderate. In Aqaba, it will be hot and winds will be northerly moder-

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 32. Aqaba 37. Humidity readings: Amman 36 per cent. Aqaba 22 per cent.

Min_Max. temp.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY AMMAN: Dr. Mohammad Alawah ... 75297) Dr. Ishtewi Abu Zaid 737962 Dr. Mohammad Nahawi 819213 Jamil Maraqa Firas pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy ... Al Asema pharmacy Nairoukh pharmacy Al Salam pharmacy Yacoub pharmacy 63766KF

Alques pharmacy (-) ZARQA: Dr. Moufid Khamirah 985522 Khalifeh pharmacy 985417

EMERGENCIES

Food Control Centre 637111

Rescue 630341 Civil Defence Emergency 199 Rescue Police 192, 621111, 63777 Highway Police Traffic Police Public Scenity Department 63021 Hotel Complaints 605800 Water and Scwerage Amman Municipality (directory assistance) 010230 Central Amman Telephone

Water Authority

Electric Power

Al-Ahli, Abdali Amal Hospital ZARQA: Repairs 623101 Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101 Zarqa-Govt. Hospital (U9)983323 Zaroa National Hospital Jordan Television 773111 Ibh Sina Hospital (09)986732 AJ Hikma Modera Hospital (09)990990 . 774311 RBID:
Princess Basma Hospital (U2)275555
Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275
Ibn AlNafees Hospital (02)247100 Jordan Electricity Authority 815615 Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111

HOSPITALS

Akilch Maternity, J. Amn. 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity 642362 Malhas, J. Amman 036140 Pakestine, Shmeisani 064171/4 Shmeisani Hospital 669131 University Hospital Al-Mussher Hospital ... The Islamic, Abdali ... Italian, Al-Muhaireen ... 777101/3 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafish 775111/26

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HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Minister, UPU official discuss cooperation

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Post and Communications

Hashem Dabbas Monday held a meeting with Mohammad

Balmaa, consultant on Arab affairs at the Universal Postal

Union (UPU) and discussed UPU-Jordanian technical

cooperation. Discussion also covered the agenda of the

UPU conference due to be beld in Seoul in August this year.

Jordan will chair one of the conference's committees at the

AMMAN (Petra) — As of the coming month Royal

Jordanian (RJ), the national airline, will be sending some of

its pilots to the airbus company in France to belp in the

training of newly-recruited pilots serving on other airlines

flying airbus aircraft, according to an agreement reached between the Airbus company and RJ. Captain Jihad Irsheid,

director of RI's operations, said that the first two of RI's

pilots will be sent on the mission to France next month, to be

followed by others later on. RJ owns three Airbus planes

RAMTHA (Petra) — The Water Authority has embarked

on a project for modernising the water network in the

Ramtha area at the cost of JD 3,850,630. According to

Water Authority Department Director in Ramtha Yousef

Hijjat, a total of 172,225 metres of pipes will undergo the

modernisation process which entails replacing parts of the

network with new pipes. The whole project will take 730 days to complete, said Mr. Hijjat.

AMMAN (Petra) - Customs officials bave foiled an

attempt to smuggle 10,650 cartons of foreign-made

cigarettes into Jordan through the the eastern badia region.

according, to an official at the Customs Department Monday. He said that a number of people involved in the

smuggling operations bave been apprehended following a

trial. He said the cigarettes seized from the smugglers were

AMMAN (Petra) — As of Monday, the southern runway of the Queen Alia International Airport will be closed for

maintenance work, according to an announcement Sunday by the Civil Aviation Authority (CAA). The announce-ment said that maintenance work, to be carried out by a

local Jordanian firm, will last until July 31. During the maintenance work, which will cost JD 69,982, all aircraft will be taking off and landing at the northern runway.

CORRECTION

In the June 20 issue of the

Jordan Times the date for

the holding of the fashion/ jewellery show at the Phi-ladelphia Hotel was

erroneously given as June 23. The show will be held on June 24. The Jordan

Times regrets any incon-

venience.

d will be referred to the Customs Court

Smuggling attempt foiled

estimated to be worth JD 192,000.

Old prison

IRBID (J.T.) — The Department of Antiquities Monday took over from the Public

Security Department (PSD)

an 18-century Ottoman pris-on that had been used as a

police station for the north-

ern region of Irbid and

announced its intention to

transform the complex into a

popular heritage museum and a national library. Antiquities Department

Director Safwan Tell said that the transformation pro-

cess will take no less than one

"We are embarking on the

process of refurbishing and remodelling the interior of

the two-storey building to

achieve the targeted objective," said Dr. Tell in a state-

ment after the handover cere-

The PSD has set up its own

police facilities on a plot of

land donated for the purpose

by the Irbid Municipality two years ago, said Dr. Tell.

The ground floor of the

building will be made into a museum displaying artefacts

while the first floor will serve

treasures for the future gen-

year to complete.

mony in Irbid.

becomes

museum

QAIA southern runway closed

Water network in Ramtha overhauled

RJ pilots to train at Airbus in France

prices they used to offer

were even lower than their

production and transporta-

Jordanian-Indian coop-

eration in agriculture is also

expected to be reviewed

during Mr. Jakhar's visit.

tries have a cooperation

agreement and despite the

fact that India has achieved

self-sufficiency in meeting

the food needs of the near-

ly 900 million people, Jor-

dan bas not really taken

advantage of the agricultu-

ral expertise available in

the sub-continent, officials

While in Syria, Mr.

Jakhar signed an agree-

ment with his Syrian coun-

terpart As'ad Mustafa on

agricultural cooperation,

mainly in the fields of farm-

ing, irrigation and forestry.

Reports from Damascus

said Syria boped to benefit

from Indian expertise to

help boost its agricultural

production and exports.

Agriculture has been one

of the mainstay areas along

with oil and gas for the

Syrian economy in recent

Although the two coun-

tion costs.

Phosphate exports to figure

high during Indian minister's visit

the decline was not solely

related to the decanalising

of phosphates and potash.

They say that the inter-

national phosphate market

was in deep recession since

1991 when the trend to

import finished fertiliser

products rather than raw

materials gained ground.

Adding further to expor-

ters' problems was the

"dumping prices" offered

by the republics of the ex-

Soviet Union, forcing a de-

Fierce competition from

American suppliers compli-

cated the situation further,

the experts say. "At one

point, American exporters

were offering finished pro-

ducts at prices lower than the raw material, shutting

off most exporters of rock phosphates," said one ex-

However, the situation

has improved since then

and the Commonwealth of

Independent States (CIS)

of the ex-Soviet Union are

no longer offering low

prices since the govern-

ments of the republics real-

ised that they were incur-

ring heavy losses since the

pression in prices.

industry experts say.

able success in opening up

the Indian economy

through innovative means

that were considered taboo

by previous governments in

One of the early mea-

sures adopted by the gov-

ernment was a decanalising

of phosphate and potash

imports and withdrawing

the heavy subsidies it used

to offer to fertiliser proces-

sing plants as an indirect

means to encourage the

The move meant that the

state-run Minerals and

Metals Trading Corpora-

tion (MMTC) was no lon-

ger the sole body autho-

rised to import the items

and that the private sector

was free to exercise its op-

Jordan, which was one of

the main suppliers of pbos-

phates and potash to India,

could no longer hope for

Indian government agree-

ments stipulating a mini-

the Kingdom.

mum level of imports from

Indian imports from Jor-

dan dropped to JD65.8 mil-

This in turn means that

farming sector.

New Delhi.

West Bank, Jericho follow Jordan's school curricula; Gaza uses Egypt's

AMMAN (Petra) — School curricula in the occupied West Bank, including the self-rule Jericho area will continue to follow the Jordanian educational curricula while schools in Gaza Strip will follow the Egyptian system, according to Yasser Amr, head of the Palestine Higher Educational Department of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)

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But with help from the United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO), there will be a gradual reconciliation between the two systerms, said Mr. Amr who bas been appointed minister of higher education under the national Palestine authority.

Seoul conference.

among its 16 aircraft.

In a statement Sunday, Mr. Amr said that the Palestinians are determined to crase the last traces of the Israeli occupation of over 27 years, and this can be achieved through an efficient educational system and in close cooperation with Jordan and Egypt.

Referring to the educational system in the occupied Arab lands, as run under the Israeli rule, Mr. Amr said that only 13 administrators were appointed to supervise the work of 22,000 teachers and 608,333 students in 1,500

This situation, coupled with Israel's repeated closure of schools over the past 27

years, clearly manifests Israel's disregard of the Palestinian people's right to education, said Mr. Amr.

"We want to retain the strongest possible ties with Jordan, and education is one of the fields in which we can achieve this end," added Mr. Amr.

Mr. Amr said his department bas recently concluded agreements with UNESCO, under which the latter would finance and belp carry out educational programmes in Palestinian lands, including educational radio broadcasts

UNESCO has also agreed to set up a Palestinian centre

curricula, to be financed by the Italian government, added Mr. Amr.

The department has been in contact with the commissioner general of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA), the Arab League Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation, as well as the Islamic Educational Scientific and Cultural organisation (ISESCO) to help implement Palestinian educational plans, added Mr. Amr.

Mr. Amr said the curricula of academic and vocational training in the West Bank and Gaza Strip is bound to be at the basis of the future of the Palestinain society.

for developing educational New economic

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Council of Ministers Monday announced the members of the new Economic Consultative Council which is chaired

According to economist Dr. Fahd Fanek, the reformation of the council was necessitated by the June 5 Cabinet reshuffle which cre-

Dr. Fanek, who is included in the new set up, told the Jordan Times that the council has no legal status and only provides advice to the prime minister on matters related to the economy.

The council, which meets from time to time upon the request of the prime minister, issues referred to them by the

the following: The minister of education, the minister of state for prime ministry affairs and information minister, the ministers of transport, water and irrigation, finance, tourism and anti-

Marriott name GSA for Jordan

Aramex bas been appointed as the Jordan general sales agent (GSA) for Marriott International, Samir Daggag, Marriott' director of international sales and marketing of hotels, resorts and suites, announced recently.

In addition to the appointment, which comes into immediate effect, Marriott and Aramex are establishing a base from which to operate the country-wide reservations responsibility for the 750 - plus global botel group.

"The Marriott-Aramex link has numerous strategic advantages," said Mr. Da-

qqaq.
"We (Marriott) are looking for a partner with an in-bred respect for computerisation, automation, accuracy and speed. Aramex — by nature of its core business of courier and information service is synonymous with these attributes and more."

As part of the co-operation, Aramex will establish the (Jordanian) **Jordan Times** Tel.: 667171 bub for the lodging group's automated reservations

system - MARSHA. Travel agents will be able to contact specialist staff and have immediate access. via MARSHA, to all Marriott properties worldwide. "Through MARSHA a

Marriott reservation can be made and confirmed in just 90 seconds," Mr. Daqqaq said.
MARSHA can also be accessed through virtually

all major reservations systems including: Sabre (Gulf Air) Apollo; Galileo Gemi-Fadi Ghandour, presi-

dent and chief operating officer of Aramex, called the alliance with Marriott "a positive step for Aramex, as our current business plan calls for growth through com-plementary business alliances."

"We are delighted to be entrusted with this responsibility and consider the investment in terms of slaff infrastructure, to be full of mutual opportunities," be

A reception to mark the alliance is being held June 19 at the Amman Marriott

council announced

by the prime minister.

ated new ministries.

normally groups people representing the private and public sectors who discuss government, Dr. Fanek said.

The new council contains

quities, industry and trade, post and communications, supply, agriculture, energy and mineral resources, as well as the governor of the Central Bank of Jordan, the president of Aqaba Region Authority, the chairman of the Amman Chamber of Industry, the director general of the Social Security Corporation, the president of the Jordanian Businessmen Association, the president of the Association of Banks in Jordan, the chairman of the Federation of Jordanian Far-

mers, the dean of the University of Jordan's Faculty of Economy and Commerce, the secretary-general of the Federation of Labour Unions, the secretary general of the Jordanian Banks Union, the president of the Jordation, the chairman of the Union of Insurance Comping lines agents, the bead of

nian Contractors Associapanies, a member of the shipthe Jordanian Consumers Protection Society in addition to Dr. Fahd Al Fanek and businessmen Hamad Al Farhan, Awni Al Masri and Basel Jardaneh

Mittister Narasimha Rao. lion in 1993, compared with who has scored consider-JD129 million in 1990, but WHAT'S GOING ON

Cultural Centre.

By a Jordan Times

Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Jordan is ex-

pected to press its efforts to

raise the level of Indian

imports of Jordanian phos-

phates and other fertiliser-

related products during

talks with India's agricul-

ture minister who is sche-

duled to begin a two-day visit to the Kingdom today.

Balram Jakhar, who is

one of the leading members

of the Ruling Congress Par-

ty, is arriving from Syria

and his visit to the King-

dom comes in response to

an invitation from the gov-

In addition to Minister of

Agriculture Mansour Ben

Tarif and Minister of Supp-

ly Adel Qudah, other

Jordanian officials sche-

duled to meet with Mr.

Jakhar include the bead of

the Jordan Fertiliser Cor-

poration and heads of the

Jordan Phosphate Mines

Company and the Arab

Mr. Jakhar is a bighly

influential member of the

government of Prime

Potasb Company.

ernment.

TV5 PROGRAMME A variety programme transmitted by TV5 Europe station entitled "L'Henre De Verite" at the French Cultural Centre at 6:00 p.m.

POETRY RECITAL Poetry recital by several poets at the Phoenix Gallery for Art and Culture at 76:00 p.m.

THIRD YOUTH THEATRE FES-TIVAL

The Patient" at the Royal Cultural Centre at 7:30 p.m.

NEWS HOUR

ABC News Highlights and McNeil-Lehrer News Hour at the American Center at 5:00 p.m.

EXHIBITIONS

- ☆ Painting exhibition by Naila Deeb on the Goethe-Institut at 5:30 p.m. ...
- * Exhibition of paintings by Sophia Ziadeb at the Royal

☆ Exhibition by Iraqi artists at Ab'aad Art Gallery in

- Mecca Street. ☆ An art exhibition "The Form and Colour in the Arab Art
- Exhibition," by 16 artists from Jordan and Iraq at the Spanish Cultural Centre.
- * Exhibition of works by several Arab artists at the Phoenix Gallery for Art and Culture (Tel. 695291).
- * Exhibition by artist Mohammad Fradi at the Orfali Art Gallery in Umm Utheina (Tel. 826932).
- * Child Needs Expo at the International Motor Exhibition. Airport Highway (Tel. 653836).
- * Exhibition of photographs by artist Mohammad Al Baddawi at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- ☆ Exhibition by plastic artist Shawkat Al Alousi at the Alia Art Gallery (Tel. 672872).
- * Exhibition on the development of "Le Louvre" at the French Cultural Centre.
- ☆ Painting exhibition by artist George Bahjouri at Al Balqa Art Gallery (Tel. 720677).
- * Painting exhibition by Jordanian artist Abdul Ra'uf Sham'oun at Darat Al Funun of the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation in Jabal Luweibdeh. Also showing "permanent" exhibition of 56 Arab contemporary artists (Tel. 643251/2).

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF HER MAJESTY QUEEN NOOR AL HUSSEIN

AND IN SUPPORT OF TOURISM AND TOURIST ATTRACTION IN JORDAN

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A GALA DINNER & FASHION SHOW OF **BRIDAL DRESSES & JEWELLERY**

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Win an exclusive Graziella Borella Wedding Dress Raffle tickets for JD 5

Tickets are available from:

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peeds will go to benefit the fund of the needy students of the good Music Conservatory / Noor Al Hussein Foundation.

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Relax by the Pool and enjoy the sizzling sun.

as offices for the Antiquities Department, said Dr. Tell. . He said that the building will also have a laboratory, a warehouse and maintenance The refurbished building will hopefully be turned into an integrated cultural, educational and artistic centre, said Dr. Tell, adding: "We are spending nearly JD1 mil-JD120 / Single ++ ••• JD 172 / couple ++ non on this vital project that For more information please contact our sales department Tel:641361 would help preserve Jordan's

E S a p e

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Heading for stronger ties

HIS MAJESTY King Hussein's summit meeting with U.S. President Bill Clinton tomorrow has already been dubbed as the beginning of a new era in the U.S.-Jordanian relations. Much work has already been done to clear the cobwebs that lately afflicted decades of excellent relations between the two countries. It is fair to say that Washington and Amman have restored their traditional relationship after the reversal of the slide in their ties that ensued in the aftermath of Iraq's invasion and occupation of Kuwait.

Explaining Jordan's perspective on the Gulf conflict was relatively easier to accomplish at the level of the two countries' leaderships. Former U.S. President George Bush and incumbent President Bill Clinton appear to have understood Jordan's explanation for its stand during that conflict. It was an entirely different story when it came to dealing with the U.S. Congress, which continued to refuse to accept Jordan's reasoning. Now it seems that both sides understand each other much better not only with regard to the past but also in connection with the current and future peace talks in the Middle East.

The resolution of the Agaba dispute a few weeks ago signalled the beginning of the end of the mutual mistrust between the two countries and laid the foundation for more progress in the two countries' bilateral relations. Israel's belated agreement to discuss the fundamental points on the Jordanian-Israeli peace agenda, demarcation of borders and water rights, put the Israeli-Jordanian peace talks on track once again. This culminated in the breakthrough in the peace negotiations between the two countries, registered two weeks ago, and vindicated Jordan's stance as a staunch and long time supporter of ce in the region.

All these positive developments prepared the stage for a fresh start in the American-Jordanian relations. It is not accident that the World Bank has been showing greater appreciation for Jordan's efforts to reconstruct its economy on a balanced basis taking into consideration not only raw economic and monetary considerations but also social and political factors as well, Jordan's foreign debt especially with the U.S. awaits reasonable treatment commensurate with the Kingdom's role in pushing forward the peace process. For sure there will be other topics on the minds

of the two leaders touching not only on bilateral relations but also on regional matters as well. Jordan has enjoyed friendly ties with the U.S. in the past and is determined, through the efforts of the King and his aides now in Washington, to bolster and strengthen these relations for the interest of a better future for the Middle East region and its people.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL DUSTOUR daily Monday demanded a very strong U.S. support for the Jordanian bid to achieve a lasting settlement for the Middle East conflict and commitment to help ensure the success of the Jordanian-Israeli negotiations to help the Kingdom regain its rights. The paper said that Jordan is not seeking only an end to hostilities but a permanent peace, stability and prosperity for the peoples of this region, said the paper. Stressing that the American role is indispensable at this stage, the paper said that peace for the Middle East should be sustainable and acceptable for the future generations. The paper said in this context, Jordan's economic and financial needs should be taken into consideration and the country's economic projects should be supported by all means. This, it said, can be done through alleviating Jordan's huge financial burdens which resulted from its shouldering the consequences of many regional conflicts over the past decades. The paper expressed hope that the meeting between His Majesty King Hussein and President Bill Clinton would deal with these issues and give fresh impetus to the Arab-Israeli peace

A COLUMNIST in Al Ra'i daily Monday contrasted the positions of the Arab countries neighbouring Iraq and Libya, and those neighbouring North Korea, saying that while Washington has succeeded in imposing sanctions on the two Arab states, it has failed to apply the pattern in the case of North Korea. Tareq Masarweh said that not only that the Korean people on both sides of the borders showed determination to foil U.S. plots against their nation, but also the Chinese and the Japanese refused to see America extending hegemoy on their region. This is how Washington's conspiracy has come to and end, he said. Referring to the situation in the Arab World, the writer said that only Turkey among the neighbours of Iraq and Libya has raised its voice loud demanding a resumption of trade with Iraq, largely because Ankara has sustained heavy economic losses as a result of the Gulf war. He said that though all Iraqi and Libyan Arab neighbours bave faced economic losses as a result of the U.S. and international sanctions on Iraq and Libya nothing has been done on the part of the Arab World to end this situation or alleviate the sufferings of the Iraqi and Libyan peoples.

The View From Fourth Circle

By Rami G. Khouri

Petra's third — and last? millennium

ONE OF the distinct honours of Jordan is to be the custodian of the ancient city of Petra — truely one of the most spectacular legacies of ancient history in the entire world. Forged jointly by the hand of God and the passion of man. Petra is not only a stunning touristic attraction; it is also a dramatic and timeless monument celebrating cross-cultural interaction among peoples from different ancient civilisa-

I raise the snhject of Petra today because, to put it bluntly, Petra stands on the brink of possible grave danger, if protective policies are not implemented quickly and diligently. Only in the past year, with the rise in the number of visitors to Petra, has the scale of the danger become clear. With the opening of several new small hotels and the expansion of the resthouse and the Petra Forum Hotel, it is not unusual to see several thousand visitors in Petra every day during the high season. On some days, nearly 1500 tourists pass through the Siq every hour, along with horses and guides.

This kind of pressure already threatens the delicate natural environment of Petra; it also makes a visit to the site rather unpleasant, given the congestion that is assured with such numbers. The argency of addressing Petra's protection needs stems from the fact that by 1977 Petra will have a total of 19 hotels, with 1400 rooms and 2800 beds. In the high season then, the ancient day car expect to receive between 3,000 and

5,000 visitors a day, and as many as half million per year.

There are serious environmental and social implications of tourism pressures of this kind, and they need to be addressed today, before it is too late. They should have been addressed several years ago, before all the new botels were approved and licensed, but it is still not too late to deal with the problems and the degradation that will certainly arise if, ndeed, we reach the point in a few years' time where over half a million tourists visit Petra every year. Even with the new hotels, if we take sensible decisions today we can minimise the environmental damage, allow tourists to enjoy their visit and maximise the income that flows to Jordanians and others involved in the tourism business.

The government seems to be aware of some of these issues, and it recently established a higher committee for Petra. The committee quickly came up with a plan that calls for expenditures of around JD 13 million to provide the infrastructure needed to cope with the rising number of tourists in the near future. That plan is now before the cabinet for approval and funding.

The Department of Antiquities, for its part, with the assistance of the Petra National Trust and some other bodies, has succeeded in having the main area of the Petra antiquities designated as a national park. This should assure that the ancient monuments themselves are protected from

damage from construction or other commercial activity. UNESCO, upon the invitation of the Jordanian government, has also been working with Jordanian public and private institutions to devise a masterplan for the Petra region. Others in the country and abroad are also investigating different aspects of Petra's natural, economic and social environment, sometimes without sufficient coordination

There seems to be a general recognition now that Petra

needs a single authority, like the Jordan Valley or Aqaba Region authorities, to oversee the development of the area and to assure the protection of its natural and archaeological assets. I would like to suggest, however, that the Petra higher committee plan now before the cabinet should be subjected to much more rigorous studies, and to greater cross-checking with the UNESCO plan and other studies and projects already underway in the Petra area.

The expansion of Petra's infrastructure to cope with rising tourist demand, without fully assessing the full social, environmental, economic and political impact of such expansion, will certainly lead to enormous, perhaps irreversible, damage in the future. The single most important decision that has to be made vis-a-vis tourism development in Petra still has not been made. It is simply this: under optimum conditions, how many people can visit Petra every day, or every hour, without causing great discomfort to themselves, damage to the environment or degradation of the social fabric of the inhabitants of the Wadi Mousa/Umm Saiboun

"If we see foreign tourists mainly as a source of income, and we see our archaeological treasures mainly as the key that unlocks the money box, then we are probably doomed to go down in history as a people who lacked the political resolve, cultural depth, and national self-confidence to withstand the assault of an army of tourists waving their wallets."

Once this decision is made, on the basis of studies and technical expertise that are available in Jordan, we can then decide how best to move tourists in and out of Petra, and how to provide the essential services they need, such as transport, water, restaurants, toilets, refreshments kiosks and souvenir stands.

The expansion and infrastructural plans now proposed to the cabinet are sensible, if we are sure that Petra can handle np to 5000 visitors a day — hnt we are not sure of this number. I and many others concerned about Petra are not convinced that this issue has been settled, or even sufficiently discussed. We find ourselves today in an embarrassing and even ridiculous situation. We race to build new infrastructural facilities in order to meet the demands of visitors who will fill hotels that were licensed and built with very little proper

If we made a mistake hy licensing so many new hotels without adequately considering the consequences in terms of water, waste, sewerage, parking land use, congestion and other such factors, we should not make a bigger mistake today by recklessly providing the new facilities that will turn the possibility of an environmental and cultural nightmare into a certainty.

Blind infrastructural expansion propelled by the private sector's insatiable appetite for short-term profits increases the likelihood that Jordan and Jordanians today will go down in history as having unceremoniously presided over the inauguration of Petra's third - and last - millennium. This would be not only sad, but foolish, and very much alien to the best Jordanian cultural and national traditions.

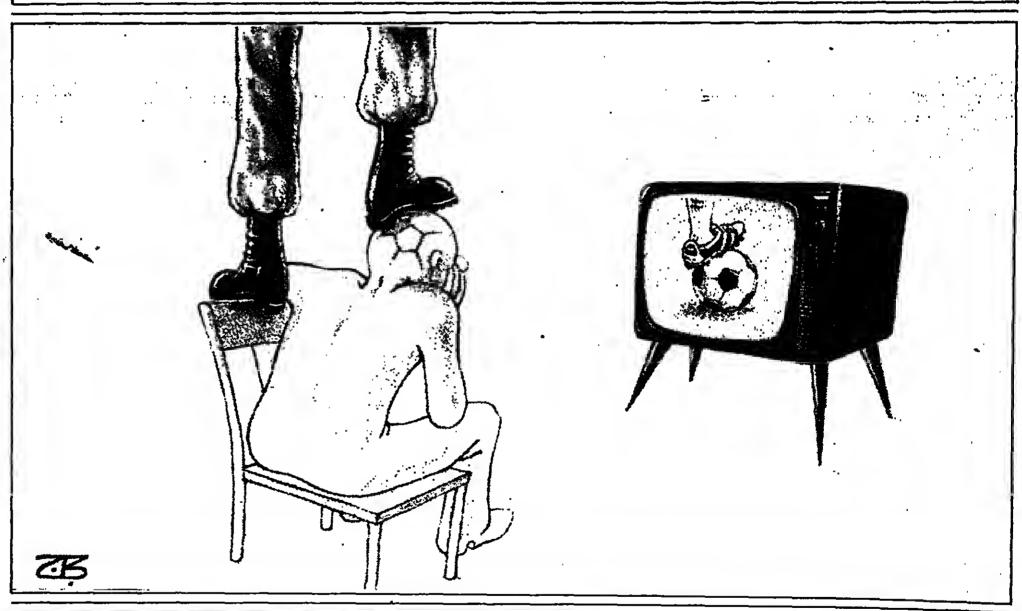
The tourism and antiquities officials of Jordan have taken important steps towards addressing some of these issues, but they cannot undertake the task on their own because the government has not given them sufficient resources to do the job. The intense commercial and political pressures for unlimited touristic expansion will overwhelm the most dedicated and resolute civil servant. Our tourism and antiquities officials need our public support and assistance if they are to meet the enormous challenge that has been placed in their hands. The government has not given tourism and antiquities the political or the financial means to do the job. In previous years, this did not matter much because the modest number of tourists was relatively manageable, and the sites were not threatened.

Today, the situation has changed very quickly, and it will change even faster in the wake of an Arab-Israeli peace accord. The struggle to save Petra until now has been undertaken quietly, but the turning point we stand at today demands greater public discussion of this issue. Decisions made in the next several months will determine the fate of Petra, perhaps forever, ft is important that the decisions be made on the basis of wisdom, sensitivity and a realistic balance between environmental and economic interests.

The grandeur and beauty of Petra is a consequence of deep cultural interaction and artistic synthesis in ancient times, reflecting the coming together of individuals, cultures and traditions from all around the Mediterranean Basin. We need to reaffirm that dynamic today in our collective efforts to identify the dangers that Petra faces, and to remove them one by one. Petra developed because the people of ancient Jordan interacted in partnership and mutual benefit with people from other lands and cultures. We would commit a grievous historical error if we abandoned this honourable Jordanian legacy, and instead pandered only to the base commercial instincts of those who would use our rich cultural heritage merely to entertain visitors from abroad.

The full challenge of preserving Petra is not only about monuments an stones. It is also about saving ourselves from the dangers of runaway materialism and commercialism. Tourism is an opportunity for people from differenti cultures to meet, to learn from one another, and to be mutually enriched by the great drama of human diversity. That is how Petral came to be, and that is how we must make sure that it makes it through the next millennium.

If we see foreign tourists mainly as a source of income, and we see our archaeological treasures mainly as the key that unlocks the money box, then we are probably doomed to go down in history as a people who lacked the political resolve, cultural depth, and national self-confidence to withstand the assault of an army of tourists waving their wallets,



French move could lead to more bloodshed in Rwanda

By Jonathan Clayton Reuter

KIGALI — France's proposed military action to stop the slaughter in Rwanda could lead to more bloodshed and hamper efforts to find a long-term solution to the central African coun-

try's crisis. Rwandan rebels, who are winning the war against government troops, are deeply distrustful of Paris. They say its hands are bloodied by its support for the former government of slain president Juvenal Habyarimana.

"It is not for the French to intervene, it is for us to do ourselves," rebel spokesman major Wilson

Rutayisire told Reuters. The Rwanda Patriotic Front (RPF) says the only way to stop massacres in which as many as 500,000 people may have been killed, mainly by pro-govern-ment militias, is by a rebel

Fearing the French action

is designed to deprive them of this, the RPF has said it will meet any French presence with force. ft is no idle threat. The

rebel army, believed to be about 14,000 strong, is a well-equipped, highly-disciplined force with long experience of hattlefield combat.

"If they come to fight then we will fight them. You should understand that the French are the ones who have been training militia and government forces," Major Wilson Gumisiriza said last week.

He was speaking a few days after his men took Gitarama, former seat of a self-declared government of Habyarimana loyalists. The victory opened up the road to the rebels' last remaining hases in the south of the

Major-General Romeo Dallaire, military commander of the small U.N. force in Rwanda, said the RPF had since pushed on and said he was surprised by the spead of their advance which they say is the only way of saving their mainly tutsi followers.

He said RPF leader Paul Kagame had made his movement's position clear

in a meeting last Thursday. "They (U.N. political representatives) met with the chairman who stated categorically they would resist the French. That posi-tion has not changed," Mr.

and it is now only a ques-tion of hours and days," Mr. Mitterrand said.

"Increasingly savage fighting is taking place and one can no longer wait... this is a matter of great France, which wants to

spearhead an international force comprising units from other African and European countries, has circugave until last summer to Habyarimana's govern-

ment.

Many recall with bitterness how a French force of 300 was flown to the country to bolster a government army crumbling in the face of the rebels' first drive to

the capital in October 1990. Paris denies its forces fought the rebels but several independent witnesses said they saw French sol-

"Rwandan rebels, who are its hands are bloodied by its winning the war against gov- support for the former government troops, are deeply ernment of slain president distrustful of Paris. They say Juvenal Habyarimana."

Dallaire told reporters on Sunday. Mr. Dallaire, who has

been calling for more U.N. troops, would make so further comment on possible French military action which President Francois Mitterrand said on Saturday could take place "with-

ate are unknown. The rebel's suspicion of France is based on material

lated its plan for endorse-ment by the U.N. Security diers manning roadblocks and belping government troops defend the frontline.

Council. The French troops only left in the summer of 1993 ft is calling for a Chapter Seven operation authorisafter the RPF signed a peace accord with Hahyariing the use of force but other details of how and from where it would oper-

Mr. Habyarimana was supposed to set up a broadbased government and then hold multi-party elections trained troops armed and equipped Hutu militias as a second force.

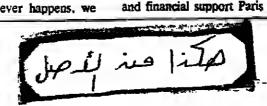
After his death, militia-men slaughtered all his political opponents and turned on members of the minority Tutsi from which the rebels draw most of their support.

The militias, fed on virulent anti-RPF propaganda, hlamed Belgium for shooting down Habyarimana's plane as he returned from a regional summit in Tanzania on April 6, but are suspicious of most Western nations.

"French intervention would add another complicating factor, it could be disasterous at both the humanitarian and political level," said one political

A U.N. military observer from an African country said militiamen he had met at roadhlocks on trips out of the capital were increasingly hostile to all "white people".

analyst.



The state of the s



REVERSING THE EXODUS: Host countries and internation al agencies expect difficult times trying to convince Vietnamese refugees to return to their homeland (GAMA photo)

Camp suicides highlight hardcore boat-people problem

By John Rogers

HANOI — Suicides, mass bunger-strikes and agitation in Asia's camps for Vietnamese boat people bave underscored how hard it will be to clear the detention centres in the next 18

Pressure to return to Vietnam is expected to increase on the estimated 48,000 Vietnamese likely not to win refugee status, though governments and international agencies are resolved to use persuasion

rather than force. Positions appear likely to harden as the battle for the hearts and minds of the boat people heats up between now and the end of 1995, the informal deadline set by Western and Asian governments to clear the

Vietnam and other Asian governments will increase efforts to persuade waver-ers among the 56,000 boat people left in the camps that life in Vietnam is not as bad as they think and is, indeed, improving rapidly as the economy develops.

"We have to find ways to make propaganda in the camps and encourage them to see the real situation here and come back," said Tran Van Thinb, deputy head of the Foreign Ministry's Consular Department.

For added credibility, Hanoi is considering send-ing some of the 62,000 boat people who have returned since 1989 back to the at bome, he says.

But hardcore anti-Communist activists have stepped up efforts to stop people returning.

Western and Asian governments vowed publicly for the first time at a Bangkok meeting in June to take actioo against people in the camps working against voluntary repatriation.

"It was recognised that there was organised resistance in some areas to repatriation and it would seem that some of it was coordin-, ated from the outside," an official of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) in Hanoi said.

"There are pressure in some Western countries, especially the United States, who are agitating on behalf of people in the firstasylum countries.

Agitation increased after the 30-odd governments working under the 1989 Comprehensive Plan for Action (CPA), sponsored by the UNHCR, resolved last February to make the end of 1995 the larget date to resolve the boat people

Most of the trouble has been in Hong Kong, where about 27,000 boat people remaio in camps, nearly half the total.

Thousands of boat people have gone on hungerstrikes and in April more than 200 were injured in a police raid to remove 1,500 inmates from whitehead

camp.
In Indonesia, two people died from self-immolation - a historic form of political protest in Vietnam and at least six others tried

to disembowel themselves. They were protesting against an agreement be-tween Hanoi and Jakarta last October for the "orderly return" of boat people which activists say could

mean deportation.
The UNHCR official in Hanoi said lobbyists were encouraging boat people in the camps to challenge screening decisions which denied them refugee status.

"They are basically saying: 'stick it out and the decision will be changed. We will see that it is'," the official said.

Screening of boat people for refugee status has been completed camps in the Philippines, Malaysia and Indonesia, is closed to completion in Thailand and is due to end in Hong Kong by September.

The CPA countries resolved in Bangkok tbat screening decisions would not be reviewed.

Bangkok's message to people in the camps was if you're not a political refugee, then decide now to go back to Vietnam because that decision is not going to

"Those who win refugee status will eventually get new bomes elsewhere. Hanoi diplomat said. "But those judged to be economic migrants have to face the fact that Vietnam is

programmes to aid the voluntary return of boat people are winding down.

The European Community International Programme (ECIP), which gives credits and funds resentlement programmes for returnees, finishes at the end of

November. A Scandinavian scheme Nordic Assistance to Repatriated Vietnamese (NARV), winds up by the

end of 1994. Further turning the screws, the Bangkok meeting decided that Asian countries will announce

target dates for closing each camp as soon as possible. Governments were tolo at Bangkok that they should actively promote re-

patriation. "Countries which have taken a stronger role, like Thailand, nave had a higher

rate of return," the UNHCR official said. Remittances sent by relatives in the West will be curbed wherever it is legal to do so. Funds could be

kept in escrow accounts for boar people to collect when they go home. Vietnam says it is happy to receive boat people who volunteer to return and is stepping up interviewing procedures in the camps.

Hanoi Insists international financial help is essential. But newer, higher-profile crises such as Rwanda and Bosnia are sucking up

scarce funds. "It was impressed on the governments that they had better get these people back

or there won't be any money to pay for it." the UNHCR official said. Vietnamese left their country in rickety fishing boats during the 1970s and 1980s to escape what they

regarded as persecution after Communist forces won the Vietnam war in 1975 or, in the 1980s, to escape Most of the former group were soutberners who pitched up in camps in Thailand, the Philippines, Indonesia, Malaysia or

Singapore. Most of the eco-

nomic refugees were north-

erners who ended up in Hong Kong.
The exodus has slowed to a trickle now that political and economic conditions have improved in Vietnam.

Most people now leaving are enticed by false rumours that Jacan them large sums of money to go home if they reach the Japanese coast.

Mubarak orchestrates anti-militant campaign

By Samia Nakhoul Reuter

CAIRO - Has the Egyptian government really crushed the Muslim militant movement or is there merely a lull in the movement's struggle to make Egypt a

pure Islamic state? After months of arrests, executions and raids on militant hideouts, the Egyptian authorities have obviously succeeded in reducing the level of violence in the long conflict between the militants and the secur-

ity forces. The militants bave stopped bombing banks, attackmg foreign tourists and assassinating political and

military figures.

And the authorities, flush with success, have now moved on to attack other symbols of Muslim fundamentalism — preachers in mosques, lawyers, journalists and last but not least the influential but outlawed Muslim Brotherhood movement.

A turning-point was the death of Talaat Yassin Hammam, the leader of a military wing of the militant Gamaa Al Islamiya (Islamic Group, in a raid on his Cairo flat on April 25.

"The militants are not in a strong position. They have been hit from all sides. Many have gone underground, their leaders have either been killed or are in prison," said a Western diplomat who follows the movement closely.

"The government has disrupted the command structure, probably it has broken any link between the internal and external leaders, so we will have a period of calm for several months. How they can regroup I don't know," he

Maslim fundamentalist groups in Egypt, including the Muslim Brotherhood itself, have a history of

bouncing back from defeat, but sometimes only after a gap of several years.

Abdul Halim Mandour, a lawyer close to the wider Islamist movement, said that the calm was probably only temporary and that the government's campaign against the Muslim Brotherhood and other groups could eventually backfire.

"Since the death of Talaat Yassin the violence has indeed stopped... it seems the Gama'a thought of taking a respite. It could be to reorganise themselves," be told Reuters.

"But what I believe is that in the Gama'a there are thousands of Yassin Hammams. Every time they kill a militant they say he was a key leader in the military branch and we always found that others appear again," he added. "I don't expect this campaign

will sop. "The confrontation with

the Brotherhood is tougher. The Brotherhood are powerful and influential. They are ingrained secretly in many syndicates, and spread in villages and towns. They are more dangerous. They are very well organised and not pub-

lic. They have economic su-periority When the Brotherhood decides to confront they will be extremely violent," he said.

The Brotherhood, unlike the Gama'a and other groups like Jihad, does not publicly advocate violence to achieve its objective of a strict Islamic state in Egypt. But political and di-

plomatic sources say that in recent confessions violent militants bave revealed links between their movements and the Brother-The authorities have since taken an increasingly

strong stand against the Brotherhood, arresting many members and sum-

moning its 8-year-old spir-itual leader, Hamed Aboul Nasr, for questioning about leaflets which they say he wrote.

The Brotberbood bas further angered the government by mobilising lawyers behind protests against the death of a prominent Islamic lawyer in police custody in April.

In April police used teargas and rubber bullets to thwart an attempt by lawyers to march on the presidential palace. They arrested at least 27 lawyers and 17 remain in custody.

In its revived campaign against the Brotherhood, the government reopened a 1992 case in which a computer company close to the Brotherhood was accused of planning to overthrow the government and seize power. Nine members were arrested in the case earlier

President Hosni Mubarak and Interior Minister

this month.

spoken out against the Brotberbood, which has been officially banned by late President Jamai Abdul Nasser after plotting to kill him. In practice the Brotberhood has been tolerated as a platform for religious activists since the early 1970s.

Other victims of the govemment's latest campaign have been some lawyers who, far from being Islamists, are secularists, human rights activists and members of small leftist parties.

"The object may be simply to instill fear. this is a police state operation, fear is fear, intimidation and terror play a role in keeping your friends off ba-lance," one diplomat said. Newspapers which pose

no obvious threat to the government have also suffered. The authorities have banned the weekly Middle East Times for the fifth



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Hosni Mubarak

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DAU to lobby rich states for Africa Marshall plan

T NIS (R) -- Tunisia, newly talled at the head of the or talled at the new Unity ()AU) plans to lobby rich o intries for a "Marshall n in" for Africa, saying it is ir their interest to help rescue ti : continent's economy.
Foreign Minister Habib

E n Yahia, setting the agend for the start of Tunisia's c airmanship of the pan-frican grouping, said that the smooth's OAU summit in I nis had laid the groundwork for a programme of a lions rather than words.

"During the summit, most L ads of state highlighted the .t that the page has been t ned once and for all on c coloniation and apar-t .id," Mr. Ben Yahia told futers in an interview

Mr. Ben Yahia said conf ets and crises in Rwanda, malia, Liberia and Burunhighlighted a hidden need address the challenges of velopment, democratisa-t in and stability. "The new phase is one of development to complete political independence through economic progress," he said.

He said Tunisia, which took over the OAU chairmanship from Egypt at the summit, would press for an African version of the Marshall plan which channelled U.S. aid to rehuild Europe's shattered economy after World War II.

Such a plan, he added. could harness African debt repayments to help solve economic and environmental problems in the context of the world economy.
Tunisian President Zine Al

Abidine Ben Ali would put the idea to a meeting of the Group of Seven leading industrialised nations in Naples, Italy, on July 9, be said. The message, he added, would ask them to examine

their consciences. "It is in the interests of the industrialised countries," he added. · African debt tonched \$282

Mr. Ben Yahia said OAU trade and finance ministers would meet in Tunis in

"The Tunis meeting will consider Africa's place in the new world economic and trading order following the signing in Marrakesh of the Uruguay Round pact," he added. "We will not he meeting to philosophise and hold idealised talks on Africa's place but to look at ways of defending African interests in a world in which

competition will be fierce." OAU foreign ministers will meet at the end of the year to discuss the development chal-lenge faced by African coun-

"The solutions have been identified, it will be mainly a question of finding the missing ingredient, how to mobilise national, regional and international resources and to identify priorities, Mr. Ben Yahia said.

Dollar crumbles below 1.60 marks

LONDON (R) — The dollar sank below 1.60 marks Monday as the foreign-exchange market tested the resolve of central bankers to keep the U.S. currency affoat.

Waves of stop-loss sales battered the dollar to yet another eight-month low, pushing the currency quickly below the 1.60-mark psycolo-gical barrier in midday trad-

The dollar has lost nearly four per cent of its value in a week and bas not been this low since Oct. 14 last year. Dealers said the U.S.

Federal Reserve (Fed) faced tough task in convincing other central banks, particularly the German Bundesbank, that the time was ripe to intervene jointly to boost

"I think there will be intervention but at this level

and time, I don't know," said Masamichi Yasuda, chief dealer at Bank of Tokyo in London. "Rationally speaking, I think they'd wait until we broke 1.60 marks and more dollar-shorts (selling) have piled up.'

Central banks may not come into rescue the dollar until it falls decisively under 1.60 marks or even 1.59, dealers said.

Although the dollar is trading more than three pfennigs below the level at which central banks jointly intervened in May, the dollar/yen rate's relative stability may deter central banks from acting too

hastily, they said.
"The Fed knows that unless conditions are ripe intervention rarely works and we haven't established (those conditions) yet," said Brian Hilliard, senior economist at French investment bouse Societe General Strauss Turbull in London.

A U.S. think-tank predicted Friday that the dollar would drop by 10 per cent over the next 18 months, and this triggered the spiral downwards from above 1.63 marks. A perception that official German interest rates are unlikely to ease further and a sickly U.S. treasury bond market have also fuelled the dollar's recent de-

The dollar was at 1.5990 marks and 102.04 yen at 11.55 GMT, down sharply from late Friday levels of 1.6117 and 102.75.

The Bundesbank may be less willing to intervene now as a strong mark would be positive news amid growing concern over high German money-supply growth and ris-

ing commodity prices, dealers and economists said. But the Germans might not

want to see the mark so strong because it could abort their economic recovery, said ·Warwick Lightfoot, treasury economist at Royal Bank of Scotland here.

General lack of confidence in U.S. currency policy has made the dollar weak against most major currencies, dealers said.

"There was a feel-good factor for the dollar in the 1980s during the Reagan administration, but now there's a feel-bad factor for the Clinton administration. Mr. Lightfoot said.

Varying signals from U.S. officials on exchange-rate policy have decreased the market's confidence in U.S. Preisdent Bill Clinton's admi-

Saudi Arabia, the world's

top oil producer and expor-

ter, remained the biggest

spender at \$90.6 billion. Con-

sumption stood at \$31.2 bil-

lion in Algeria, at \$26.7 bil-

lion in Libya, at \$22.3 billion in the UAE and at \$16.7

from international sanctions,

The report, which gave no figures for Somalia and

Palestinians showed Djibouti

and Mauritania were the

smallest spenders at \$539.2 million and \$1.058 billion re-

billion in Kuwait.

spectively.

Damascus sees public sector deficit after wage rise

DAMASCUS (R) — Syria's finance minister saud Sunday a decision to grant workers a 30 per cent wage rise from May I would lead to a public sector deficit for the eight months to end-1994.

Finance Minister Khaled Mahayni told the official Tishreen newspaper in an interview the public sector faced a deficit of 3.5 billion Syrian liras (\$83.3 million) in the eight months from May 1 to Dec. 12 because of a projected shortfall in revenue in

the 1994 hudget.

Mr. Mahayni appeared to be responding to criticism from trade unionists over the government's decision to raise the price of subsidised bread and fuel last month although state subsidies were

not removed altogether. The trade unions said the savings on subsidies were more than adequate to cover the cost of the wage increase. But Mr. Mahayni said that an allocation in the new budget recently passed by parliament to cover the wage

rise and the 16 per cent sav-

ing on the subsidy bill would still leave the public sector in

Although it is suffering Parliament this month approved a balanced budget Iraq emergedal the second biggest Arah spender, with consumption of \$62 billion. for 1994 with projected re-venue set at 144 billion liras (\$3.4 billion).

The cost of the wage increases for state workers, who make up nearly half of the permanent labour force, was estimated at 18.1 hillion firas (\$430.9 million), Mr. Mahayni told Tishreen.

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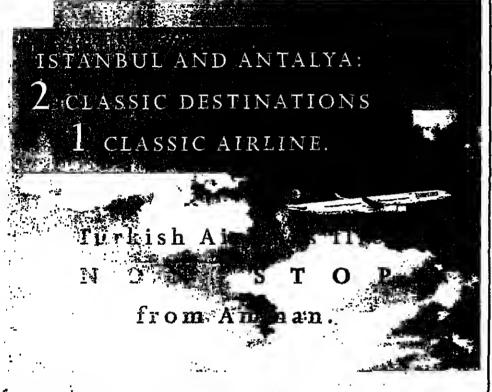
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SUNDAY	05:15	07:10
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Report says Arabs remain big spenders despite low oil prices ABU DHABI (AFP) - Peo-The report showed private

ple in key Arah oil producing countries are still spending a lot of money despite an economic downturn over the past decade due to weak crude prices, an official Arah report has showed.

In contrast, private spending in the remaining Arah League members has sharply fallen in real prices due to rapid population growth and persistent economic problems, said the report hy the Arab Monetary Fund (AMF).

The report divided the 22member League into two groups: the first are main oil producing states Iraq, Libya. Algeria and the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) and the second are Egypt and the remaining members.
Although the population of

the first group accounts for 31 per cent of the total Arab population, their private consumption stood at around 70 per cent of the total private spending in the region, the report said.

Private consumption, which includes spending by families on goods and services, stood at \$168.2 billion in 1992 in the first group while in the second group accounted for \$92.4 billion.

BELGRADE (R) — Yugos-lavia's National Bank plans

to issue a limited number of

gold coins to buy this year's

surplus grain crop, a move

seen as a crucial test for its

The gold coins' exchange

rate would be pegged to the

price of gold on the world

market, currently at some

\$388 per ounce troy, National

recovery programme.

consumption in the first group stood at \$108 billion in 1985 but in real prices it has fallen by 1.1 per cent annually. In the second group, it stood at \$60.2 billion but in real prices consumption has plunged by 20.6 per cent in the same period.

"Due to a decline in the real value of private consumption in the second group, coupled with positive population growth rates, the per capita share of the consumption continued to decline," the report said.

It provided no figures for 1993 but official reports have shown private consumption in Sandi Arabia, the United Arah Emirates (UAE) and Kuwait was higher due to an economic and population growth in the first two states and a post-war recovery in the third.

A breakdown showed a large gap in private spending between oil producing states and other members due to the bigh per capita income in

While it averaged as high as \$3,800 a year in Saudi Arabia, \$7,500 in the UAE and \$10,500 in Libya, per capita share of consumption was as low as \$550 in Egypt, \$250 in Sudan, \$74 in Yemen Rump Yugoslavia to issue gold coins

Bank Governor Dragoslav

a minimum value for the

coins, probably at \$350 an

architect of an economic re-

covery programme that has

succeeded in eliminating

hyperinflation in rump

Yugoslavia, composed of

The state would guarantee

Mr. Avramovic is the

Avramovic said.

ounce, he said.

public consumption, which includes government spending on services, goods and salaries, according to the re-

Public consumption in the first group totalled \$97.3 billion in 1992 while in the second group it stood at \$20.3

The large gap in incomes in the Arab World was one of the reasons cited by Iraqi President Saddam Hussein for his invasion of super-rich Knwait But Kuwait and other Gulf

oil producers have hlamed their fellow League members for their economic woes. saying they were not using aid properly and their economic policies were inadequte. GCC states - Saudi Arabia, Kuwait Qatar, Oman,

Bahrain and the UAE have provided the bulk of the nearly \$100 billion in aid extended to Arab and other states between 1970 and 1992. Total cash flow into Arab nations exceeded \$370

billion in the same period. The AMF report showed the Arab World's final consumption, comprising private and public consumption. totalled \$378 billion in 1992. nearly 78 per cent of the gross

Serbia and Montenegro,

since it was launched in Janu-

The gold coins aree in-

tended initially for buying

surplus wheat crop from the country's farmers, Mr. Avra-

"It's a convenient time to

do it (issue the gold coins) at

the same time when we are

purchasing the crop."

movic said.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY JUNE 21, 1994 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The Sagittarius Moon trines Venus as we enter our Summer Solstice and the Sun enters Cancer (Moonchild) paving the way to greater resourcefulness and ingenuity and to greater future production.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19)
Put those creative ideas to
work and don't permit an unworthy person to interfere. Schedule your time wisely to get all assignments completed.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Avoid an outside foe and be more concerned with improving business affairs. Study every angle of a new project so you can get the right results. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Take time to confer with associates and exchange clever ideas. They can be of help to you at this time. Be poised for any circumstance.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Make sure you take care of monetary affairs sensibly and don't become involved in any fly-by-night schemes to get rich.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Get started on personal aims and don't let outsiders interfere. Join a worthwhile group and enjoy more social life with those close to you.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Plan a new course of activity which will help you gain personal and

THE Daily Crossword by Matthew His

business aims that are important to you at this time.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Pursue goals of an idealistic nature and you can easily gain them. Take time to visit close ties in the evening.

whom you wish to see.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Listen to the along with them for best results now. Take no risks in motion today and you will stay out of trouble.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Put worries aside and look into new outlets which can improve your position in life. Strive for success and you will have much prestige.

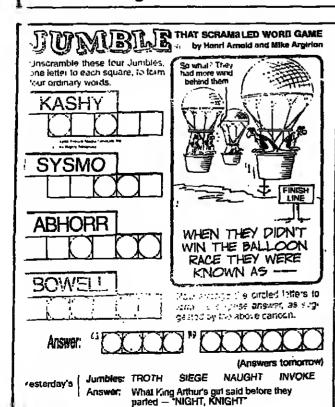
CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) This is a good day to obtain data you need for a personal project. Good orgaaisational work is the key to

success now. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Important civic affairs can be handled wisely now. Make sure you carry through with promises you have made at this time to

friends and loved ones. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Look over your environment and make plans for good friend could be helpful to you now pertaining to a new

THE BETTER HALF. By Glasbergen GLASBERGEN /

"It would be a lot easier to accept our differences if you'd start acting more like me!"



Peanuts







Andy Capp





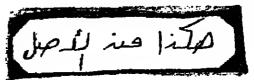


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European Curreny Unit

Sterling Pound

Deutsche Mark

Swiss Franc

French Franc

Japanese Yes

U.S. Pollar in International Markets

	-	Sace: 20/6/94			
Сигтевсу	1 MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTH	
U.S. Dotter	4,06	_	4,62	5,00	
Sterling Pound	4,68	4.81	5,12	5,56	
Deutsche Mark	4.75	4.75	4,75	4.93	
Swiss Franc	4,00	4,12	4,25	4,43	
French Franc	5,25	5,31	5,43	5,75	
Japanese Yes	1,87		2,06	2,25	
European Currency Unit	5,81	5,88	5,94	6,12	

Date: 20/6/94 USD/Oz JD/Gm³ Metal USD/Oz JD/Gm Gold 391,25 7.70

		. 0	ate: 20/6/94
Currency		aid	Offer
U.S. Dollar		0,6910	0,6930
Sterling Pound		1.0577	1,0630
Deutsche Mark		0.4287	0.4308
Swiss Franc		0,5086	0,51/1
French Franc	•	0,1255	0,1261
Japanese Yen		0.6728	0.6762

Dutch Guilder	0,3825	0,3844
Swedish Krona		
Italian Lira	0.0456	0,0438
Belgium Franc		

ther Currencies	D	Date: 20/6/9		
Currency	Bid	Offer		
Bahraini Dinor	1.8170	1.8300		
Lebanese Ura*	0,040175	0,041520		
Saudi Riyal	0,18390	0,18480		
Kuwaiti Dinar	2.3270	2.3850		
Qatari Riyat	0,18710	0,18850		
Egyptian Pound	0.2010	0.2250		
Omani Riyal	1,7750	1.7910		
UAE Dirham	0,18760	0,18850		
Greek Drachma	0.2760	0.3115		
Cypriot Pound	1,3325	b . 3960		

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and hullion markets Monday.

.S. \$1.00 costs	1.3920/30 1.6052/62
	1.7990/00
	1.3480/90
	33.05/09
	5.4870/20
	1586.6/8.1
	102.22/27
	7.7600/00
	6.9930/80
	6.3080/30
ne sterling	\$1.5354/64

One ounce of gold \$389.80/390.30

Canadian dollar **Deutschemarks** Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian trancs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

Kuwaiti deputies want spending cuts

KUWAIT (R) - A Kuwaiti parliamentary panel is seeking spending cuts rather than taxation or privatisation to trim the 1994/95 budget deficit, a newspaper said Monthis year by cutting government expenditure," Adnan Abdul Samad, a member of parliament's financial and economic affairs committee, was quoted as saying in an inteview with the Englishlanguage Arab Times.

"We have decided to start

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET				
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COMPANY'S BANK	TRACES	PREV.	OPERING	CLASTES
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ARAS BAFK	36,600	LS1.000	162.500	183. 500
JORDAN MATTORRI BANK	95,279	7.400	7.450	7.380
MIDDLE BAST INVESTMENT SAME.	11.677	1.930	1.000	4 . 100 1 . 930
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK	67,570	2,990	7.790	3.500
THE MOUSERS BANK	13,770	5.500	5.500	5.600
JORDAN KRIGAT BAKK	2.687	3.120	2.110	3.120
JORDAN GULF RANK	38.151	1.790	1.790	1.790
NUMBER INTERPRETATION A STREET BAN-	24.427	J. 940	9.500	2.940
APPEN BARE FOR DIVESTMENT	17.995	1.600	1.600	1.910
ANAB BASKING CORPORATION/JORDAN	403	4.250	4. 300	4.200
AND BANK. JORDAN BAYTONAL BANK BASE OF JORDAN HIDDLE FAST INVESTMENT BANK. FUNDSTWIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK THE HOUSTWIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK JORDAN GELF BANK JORDAN GELF BANK JORDAN GELF BANK JORDAN BANK FOR INVESTMENT AND BANK FOR INVESTMENT FRIBLANK INSUBARES **ANDOUX (EMSTRANCE & MAINGOUNDER **ANDOUX (EMSTRANCE & MAINGOUNDER **ANDOUX (EMSTRANCE & MAINGOUNDER ***ANDOUX (EMSTRANCE & MAINGOUNDER ***ANDOUX (EMSTRANCE & MAINGOUNDER ***ANDOUX (EMSTRANCE & MAINGOUNDER ****ANDOUX (EMSTRANCE & MAINGOUNDER ***********************************	19, 346	2.020	2.500	1.990
JERUSALEN IMSURANCE	296	4.540	4.600	4,600
TARROUT INSURANCE & MAINSURANCE	558	3.090	2.940	2.940
ALTRIDE RATARES LESCHARES	4.398	4.450 1.910	1.900	
ARAB INTERNATIONAL HEYELS	- S. 390	4.700	4.700	4.700
JOHDAN MATICALL BAIPPING LINES	7,365	2.700	2.700	2.700
JORDAN TOURISM & SPA COMPLEX	4, 125	0. 630 2 . 640	0. 620	0.600
MATIONAL PORTFOLIO SECURITIED	2,341	2.660	3.530	
ARAB INTER. FOR INVESTMENT & PROPERTY	574 10-154	1.910	1.930 J_840	
AMORN BARE FOR INVESTMENT ARAB BARELING CORPORATION/JORDAM PHILADELPRIA INVESTMENT BARE. PERGGALER INSURANCE TARROUK ISSONANCE 9 MINSURANCE AL-SHEN IL-ARABI INSURANCE ARAB HETENEATIONAL BUILTERS JORDAM FATIONAL SMITPHINE LIRES JORDAM FATIONAL SMITPHINE LIRES JORDAM FATIONAL SMITPHINE LIRES MATIONAL PORTULIO SECURITIES MATIONAL PORTULIO SECURITIES MATIONAL PORTULIO SECURITIES ANAB INTER. FOR INVESTMENT & EDUCATION THE JORDAM CREENT PALTONEET LEDICATION THE JORDAM PRESIDENT MINES JORDAM PRESIDENT MINES TIME INCOMPRISE COMPERCIAL 5 AGRICULTURAL THE JORDAM WOMETED MILES	144	1.480	1.450	1,460
THE JORGAN CENERT PACTORIES	14.254	2.760	2.740	2.740
JORDAN PROSPERTE NO RES	511	2.470	2.480	
JORDAN PHYROLEGES REPTHARY JORDAN TAMBING THE 1800STRIAL COMMERCIAL 5 AGRICULTURAL THE SORDAN WORSETON DILLS ARAB PHANDECCUTICAL MANUFACTURING JORDAN CERBANIC 1400STRIES THE JORDAN STRING THE JORDAN STRING THE JORDAN STRING THE JORDAN STRING THE JORDAN CANDISTRIES THE JORDAN	7.724	20.200	9.400	
THE INDUSTRIAL CONSCRICTAL 5 ACRICULTURAL	24, 147	6. 50g	6.510	
THE MORDAN WORSTED HILLS	2.165	11.000	10.900	10.750
ARAB PHARMICEUTICAL MANUFACTURING	12,091	5.570	3. 730	9-770
JORDAN CRRANIC 1400STR1ES	20.227	5.800	5. 600	
THE JUDGES PIPED PRINCIPACTURING SPINNING A WEAVING	11,722	2.250 2.970	2.200 2.540	
MAPIA DEMISTRIES	2,290	2.630	2.580	
JORDAN CLASS 1/000TRIES	87,549	0.270	0.370	0.390
DAR AL DANA DEVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT	251,221	16.710	16.700	16.500
HAPTA INCUSTRIES DAR AL DAMA DEVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT ARRE INVESTMENT & TREMEATICHAL TRADE ARRE INVESTMENT & TREMEATICHAL TRADE ARRESTMENT & TREMEATICHAL TRADE	9, 171	1.480	1.460	
ARAB INVERSERY & QUERNATIONAL TRANK ARAB ALMINITH HONOGRY LIVESTOCK & POULTRY ARAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING JORGAN HEDICAL CORPORATION RATIONAL STEEL INVESTMY INTERNATIONAL STEEL INVESTMY INTERNATIONAL STEEL INVESTMY INTERNATIONAL CREATER LINGUIST THE CONTRIBE JORGAN ROCKHOOL INVOSTRIES JORGAN PRECAST CONCRETE INVOSTMY JORGAN WOOD LINGUISTICS / JUDO	22,274	S. 100	8.10g 1.050	
ARAR PAPER CONCRETING & TRADITIO	1.050	1.400	1.380	
JORDAN HEDICAL CORPORATION	640	0.420	0.400	0. 600
MATTOMAL STREET IMPOSTRY	56,034	4.100	4.120	4. 120
INTERMEDIATE PETRO-CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES	2,300	3.020	3.600	3.500
REGISE HOCKWOOL IFOURTRIES	7.850	1.910	1.600	1.900
ALADOLS VERGETRIES	7,995	5.200	5.160	5.140 5.100
JURGAN PRECAST CONCRETE DEDUSTRY	2.176	0.200	0. 200	0.298
JORDAN MOOD INDUSTRIES / JNIDO	2, 100	6. 100	6. 200	6.200
MATICULAL CABLE & WIRE HANDFACTURING	11.395	6. 520	9.500	6-520
JORDAN SQLPHO-CREWICALE	1.650	1.000	2.750	2-750
ARAB CONTER FOR PERSON. L CERRICALS	15.210	Z,600	2.960	2.500
PARTIES THUSETHEST	4.540	2.140	2.050	2.030
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1994/95 hudget shows a deficit of 2.1 billion dinars (\$7 billion), a 40 per cent increase on the amount initially

forecast for 1993/94. The committee is due to submit comments about the government's hudget plans to parliament before the plenary assembly debates them shortly. The hudget takes

effect on July 1. "Both privatisation and taxation require passing new legislations." he said. The committee decided to act "within the existing laws... and this is for this year." he added.

Mr. Abdul Samad reiterated that taxation and privatisation were being considered by the committee as means of increasing state re**чепце.**

But, "the principle at this stage is that salaries of civil servants will be touched (for reduction)," he noted.

Kuwaiti voters are used to

a generous welfare state which provides public services free or at minimal cost and government jobs for vir-tually all nationals who want

The emirate relies on its sbrinking overseas investments to cover the mushrooming deficit. Heavy Gulf war-related payments halved foreign reserves and worries over Iraq have further slowed husiness activity.

Members of parliament have warned that continuous withdrawals from state reserves would jeopardise the future of the small Gulf state.

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of the emirate's Supreme Planning Council said that without reforming the stateorchestrated economy the hudget deficit would grow by almost 50 per cent by the year 2000 and the dinar would be

seriously affected. The committee in a report published in Al Qabas newspaper recommended "the rationalisation of (public) wages allocations... and cancelling government subsidies on some programmes," as means of trimming budget deficit.

Among other measures it recommended were reviewing the structure of customs charges and repricing public services and studying the possibilities of imposing an effective taxation system on the dividends of companies and at a later stage the income of citizens.

Income tax is as yet unknown in the emirate. Company tax is levied only on foreign firms.

A parliamentary panel was reported on Sunday as saying that Kuwait's future was threatened by a growing budget deficit but the extent of the danger was not understood by government.

"If the parliament and the cabinet do not tackie this problem in a serious and strict manner it will expose Kuwait's future to economic and social dangers," At Seyasseh newspaper quoted a report by parliament's financial and economic affairs committee as saying.

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Uzbekistan details currency plans

TASHKENT (R) - Uzbekistan has said it would issue a new currency on July 1, but it has won no financial backing from international institutions and analysts said economic conditioos were unfavourable for the move.

Islam Karimov, president of this conservative former Soviet republic, called the new currency "sacred." He also decreed measures to protect vulnerable members of society and to encourage export-oriented firms.

"The national currency, the flag, the anthem and constitution are symbols of the state and its people and are sacred attributes of inde-pendence," the official Narodnoye Slovo newspaper quoted Mr. Karimov as

saying. But Western analysts said the foundations of support for the new som currency were insufficient in this import-dependent nation where inflation is far higher than bank interest rates.

Istvan Szalkai, representa-tive of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) in Tashkent, said the IMF had not yet reached agreement to provide financial support for

the new currency.
We have not been involved directly in the intro-duction of the national currency," he said. Uzbek officials have said

they were hoping for between \$140 million and \$160 million from the IMF to hack the new money. The World Bank bas also been preparing a \$180 million loan, including balance of payments assist-

But the conditions of faster tree market reforms attached to the two loans bave so far been too much for Uzbekistao to stomach. although negotiations are continuing. Western analysts said that

without economic restructuring, the new currency of this Central Asian state of 22 million people was likely to encounter severe difficulties.

An annualised inflation rate of 1,500 per cent in the first four months of 1994 suggests the new currency will struggle to hold its value against the dollar, they said. Negative real interest rates

add to inflationary pressure. Twelve-month bank deposit rates in Uzbekistan's Savings Bank range from 20 to 100 per cent and inter-bank loan rates are set at 200 per cent. Uzbekistan runs a con-

siderable trade deficit, a factor likely to increase demand for foreign currences.

Officials said the som — a

colourful banknote depicting the architectural splendours of Samarkand — would be issued at one to 1,000 of the currency it is replacing, the

som coupon.
But Mr. Karimov, rather than decreeing measures to tighten money supply before the currency launch, Saturday unveiled a gamut of new welfare payments.

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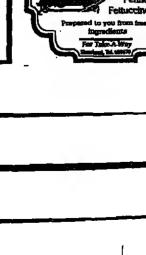
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victory over his opponent, Andres Pastrana

benefit of all."

nowledged defeat.

Mr. Pastrana, in a speech

"I want to congratulate

to supporters at a hotel, ack-

Ernesto Samper for his elec-

tion as president of the re-

public." Mr. Pastrana said.

luck because we want the

best of luck for Colombia."

When polls opened Sun-day, President Cesar Gaviria

- who is limited to a single

term — urged the 17 million

registered voters to take

advantage of the nation's new

climate of peace and cast

member of Mr. Abiola's So-

cial Democratic Party (SDP).

which was abolished like all

the other democratic institu-

tions in Nigeria when Gen.

He qualified his support

for the June 12 election by

saying that he opposed any

move that could lead to the

disintegration of the nation of

some 89 million, which has

already seen a bloody civil

of a nationwide National

Democratic Coalition

(NADECO). Last week, the

powerful Nigerian Labour

Congress called on the milit-

ary to go in another sign of

Gen. Abacha has made

vague promises of restoring

democracy, with the first step

to be a constitutional confer-

ence opening on June 27. The

opposition has dismissed it as

struggle in the backroom of

the house, set among trees in

an attractive middle-class

suburb overlooking Dunedin

and a pathologist were on the

team investigating the mur-ders. Detailed inquiries were

under way into the family's

background and forensic sci-

entists were combing the

house and grounds.

Mr. Robinson said police

had questioned David Bain at

length and would interview

him again. The young man

who was earlier treated for

shock, was spending the night

Among local people, the

tragedy brought back vivid memories of New Zealand's

worst mass killing at nearby Aramoana in 1990. A crazed

young man shot and killed 13

people before being shot

with relatives.

Police said 35 detectives

a farce.

Harbour.

apparent support for him.

Mr. Abiola has the backing

Abacha seized power.

ballots in high numbers.

We wish him the best of

(AFP photo).

Samper elected Colombia president

counted, Mr. Samper was

leading Mr. Pastrana 49.97

per cent to 48.4 per cent, the

elections board announced.

The remaining 1.6 per cent

With Mr. Samper ahead by

114,000 votes and 100,000

votes uncounted, it was an

"We have achieved vic-

tory," an elated Samper told

thousands of banner-waving

supporters jammed into

Bogota's convention centre.
"We have before us a win-

dow of opportunity we will

take advantage of for the

Nigerian minister backs Abiola

and declaring a parallel gov-

Mr. Abiola, a Muslim ty-

insurmountable lead.

represented invalid ballots.

U.N. reports major violations of fragile ceasefire in Bosnia

SARAJEVO (R) — Major violations of the fragile 10day old truce in Bosnia were reported by the United Nations Monday only hours after Bosnian Serbs threatened to launch a decisive counteroffensive against their Muslim foes.

The U.N. Protection Force (UNPROFOR) spokesman in Sarajevo, Commander Eric Chaperon, said there had been artillery duels but there was no evidence of preparations for large-scale infantry operations.

He said UNPROFOR was aware of media reports of fighting, adding: "Obviously there are major violations of

Maj Chaperon said there was "no confirmed evidence of ground fighting or preparations for major ground attacks.

Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic told Reuters late Sunday that the Bosnian Serh Army (BSA) would launch a "counter-offensive

identical to that in Gorazde" if Muslim attacks on the Mount Ozren area did not

An unnamed senior BSA office backed the threat, saying his forces would drop their policy of "passive defence" in the event of further Muslim attacks, the Serb News Agency (SRNA) said. Serbs halted their fierce

assault on the Muslim enelave of Gorazde in eastern Bosnia in April only after NATO threatened to strike against Serb positions. Mr. Karadzie said

thousands of Serb civilians had fled the Muslim offensive which he said was aimed at securing control of a strategie road in central Bosnia. The road cuts across a long finger of mountainous terrain

under Serb control hat sur-

rounded on three sides by town. Two BSA soldiers were reported killed and two forces of the Bosnian govern-The Yugosiav News Agency, Tanjug, said a number of

others wounded in the attack. Tanjug said Muslims fired 60 mortars on Serb positions around Breko straddling the Serb civilians had been killed

and injured by Bosnian army

shelling of the frontline vil-

lage of Vozuca. It reported

inhabitants fleeing en masse.

said the Muslims had taken

some territory near Vozuca

but no key positions had been

lost. It said the military situa-

Earlier BSA sources told

Reuters Muslim troops had

broken through defences and

taken a number of strategic

hilltops to the west of Vozu-

Maj. Chaperon said 150

artillery detonations were re-

corded Sunday in the Doboj

area on the foot of Mount

He said a BSA liaison

officer reported a supply con-

voy was ambushed some 10

kilometres south of Gorazde

tion was critical.

Bosnian Serb Television

vital Posavina supply route in northern Bosnia Sunday.

Maj. Chaperon said 100 detonations with anti-air and

temporary one-month ceasefire, agreed earlier this month and intended to prepare both sides to accept a long-term peace plan now

and Croat Bosnian Federation 51 per cent of the country and Serbs the rest.

King Norodom Sihanouk backed the eviction order, In a statement faxed from

fraticidal hostility."

Meanwhile, Cambodia's co-prime ministers arrived in Indonesia Monday for a

machingegun fire were recorded in the Gradacae-Posavina corridor. The U.N. is still struggling to secure compliance with a

being finalised by diplomats. The plan is expected to stand or fall on the details of a map of Bosnia's ethnic division that will give the Muslim

The Serbs have won control of 70 per cent of Bosnia and diplomats believe it would be almost impossible to force them to relinquish that much territory, especially in the Posavina corridor linking Serb-held parts of western Bosnia and Croatia

Last Khmer Rouge quit Phnom Penh

PHNOM PENH (Agencies)

— The last official of the ultra-left Khmer Rouge pul-led out of the Cambodian capital Monday in line with a government eviction order issued after a breakdown in negotiations to end the civil

"There's nobody left, they have all gone now," said an official from the royal palace standing outside the deserted guerrilla compound. Police officers said eight

junior officials and caretakers left for Bangkok after senior guerrilla representatives were escorted to the airport by police Saturday.

A Khmer Rouge official said the group of eight would travel to the Thai-Cambodian

border and then across to Khmer Rouge headquarters at Pailin or to the nearby

Phnom Malai. The government ordered the closure of the guerrillas' compound late Friday after the failure of peace talks to end the guerrilla struggle against the government mstalled under last year's

guerrilla stronghold at

U.N.-supervised elections. The two sides met Wednesday for peace talks but discussions broke up the following day with the Kbmer Rouge refusing to agree to a ceasefire.

In a statement announcing the eviction, the government said the Cambodian people were anxious to see an end to

fighting and were angry with the radical faction's intransi-

The Ministry of the Interior may not be able to stop the anger of the people and may not be able to provide security for your group," the statement warned.

describing it a "wise" move. his residence in Beijing, the king said be feared that "if any accidents were to befall the Khmer Rouge officials, it would further aggravate the

three-day visit.

Hopes rize for Sino-U.K. talks

HONG KONG (R) — The Sino-British joint liaison group on Hong Kong's return to China meets for the first time this year Tuesday with hopes raised that at long last progress can be made as tempers cool over Governor Chris Patten's constitutional

Chinese and British diplomats are working flat out seven-year dispute over military sites in Hong Kong so that the Joint Liaison Group (JLG) can produce its first significant agreement for

China has recently made conciliatory comments indicating that while it will never accept Mr. Patten's democratic reforms, limited cooperation is possible on the huge number of practical issues which need sorting out before the 1997 handover.

British officials say the three-day meeting of the JLG, a diplomatic hody charged with arranging a smooth handover, will be the first test of whether the positive comments from Beijing he translated crete progress in the negotia-

"There are still a large number of complex issues to be resolved in the JLG in the remaining years of British administration," said Bill Dickson, the local spokesman for the British Foreign

"It is absolutely crystal clear that if we are to resolve them in time we will need to shift into top gear now. We therefore very much hope that this session of the JLG will be more productive than its immediate predecessors,"

The JLG, which meets three or four times a year, has made almost no significant headway since 1991.

But at least the atmosphere has improved since last year. The last JLG plenary meeting in the colony was held in June 1993 while tempers were still hot over Mr. Patten's proposals, unveiled eight months earlier, to widen the franch-





Thai political activist Chalard Vorachat rests in an iron cage after resuming his hunger strike in front of parliament, three days after surrendering to police to fight charges of

sidition. He began his "fast-to-death" campaign for a more democratic constitution on May 25 (AFP photo).

PDP leader appeals for unity ahead of crunch time for Thai coalition former general who is the

BANGKOK (AFP) -- Thai Prime Minister Chuan Leekpai came under renewed pressure Monday as one of his coalition partners dehated its future in government and a pro-democracy campaigner resumed a hunger strike in front of parliament.

The Phalang Dharma Party (PDP) a Buddhist component in Mr. Chuan's 21month-old government, was to vote on whether to stay in the coalition at a meeting which was also to decide on a motion demanding constitutional reform.

Deputy Prime Minister Boonchu Rojanastien, nominal head of the PDP, appealed for the party to rally behind Mr. Chuan, in comments reported by the Bang-

kok Post Monday. But party dissidents were still insisting on leaving the government. The Nation reported.

Chamlong Srimuang, the

"spiritual" leader, party's would not rule out the possibility of the coalition's collapse, and seemed to be preparing to resume full control of the PDP.

The PDP meeting was to start at 6:00 p.m. (1100 GMT), a party spokesman said. If the PDP leaves the coalition, Mr. Chuan would have the choice of calling new elections or forming a new

alliance. His government was also confronted Monday hy the reappearance of former MP Chalard Vorachat, 51, who resumed a hunger strike in front of parliament to de-

mand democracy reforms. Last Thursday. Chalard surrendered to police to fight charges of sedition, and was taken to hospital hut continued to refuse to take nourishment hy mouth.

Mr. Chalard, 51, checked himself out of an intensive care unit late Sunday and returned to the site outside parliament where he started a "fast-to-the-death" protest on May 25. He did not immediately

return to the steel cage he had previously occupied, but sat quietly facing the parliament building, security offic-ers there Monday. Police chief Pratin Santip-

rapop later said there was no evidence to support the sedition charge, which had been filed by a former MP who said Mr. Chalard's demands for a new constitution were an act of treason.

The PDP could boost his campaign if it passes a motion calling for parliament to set up a committee to draw up a new constitution.

The prime minister, head of the Democrat Party, firmly opposes such moves though the PDP radicals and many other groups back Mr. Cha-

battle farmers, students in Seoul

SEOUL (R) — Sonth Korean riot police Monday fired volleys of tear gas to disperse thousands of students and farmers in fresh protests against Seoul's plan to open its rice market, witnesses

The protesters occupied a road ontside the national assembly building, burning effigies representing President Kim Young-Sam and the United States, the witnesses said.

Black armoured police vans spewed out tear gas when the demonstrators, some wielding sticks, tried to move into the assembly com-

There were no immediate reports of serious injuries. The domestic Yonhap News Agency said about 10 protesters were arrested. The demonstrators

hanted slogans denouncing U.S. trade pressure on the Sonth and demanding the Seoul parliament block the passage of a government plan to allow imports of foreign rice from next year. The fresh demonstrations

came as the government announced a crackdown on violent anti-government protests after weekend riots, fuelled partly by the North Korean nuclear dispute, left more than 160 police and protesters injured. The government warned in

a statement it would deal sternly with student violence and illegal labour strikes that it said came at a time when people were nervous over North Korea's nuclear inten-

The statement was issued after Prime Minister Lee Yung-Dug met cabinet ministers to discuss ways to curb the violence and to deal with a proposed major strike by subway and railway workers.

Riot police

rian government minister has openly hacked opposition. leader Moshood Ahjola in his claim to be the country's president, in the first such move by a member of the military-led regime. "We should remember that in whatever we do in this

country, this nation is more than any one of us," Planning Minister Silas Daniyan said, according to the daily Guardian newspaper Monday.
"If Chief Abiola thinks that he can attain his political

Colombian president-elect Ernesto Samper

acknowledges a crowd of followers at a con-

BOGOTA (AP) — Colomhians elected a survivor of

an assassination attempt Sun-

day to be their next president

and steer the nation from an

era of terror to one many

hope will bring an economic

Emesto Samper, an eco-nomist and candidate of the

ruling Liberal Party, edged

former TV newcaster Andres

Pastrana, who also barely survived the Medellin cocaine

cartel's reign of terror, by

one of the narrowest margins

in Colombia's history,

according to election returns.
With 97 per cent of ballots

LAGOS (AFP) - A Nige-

objectives through his present stand, we will be proud of him too," the minister On June 11, Mr. Abiola,

who on unofficial results won a presidential election on June 12 last year that was subsequently annulled by the junta of the time, threw down a gauntlet to General Sani Abacha's regime by proclaiming himself head of state

DUNEDIN, New Zealand

(R) - A school headmaster

and his family were shot dead

in their home in an unex-

plained killing spree Monday

New Zealand's third such

domestic tragedy in the

space of two years, police

Police were alcrted to the

killings at a house in the

southern city of Dunedin af-

ter the sole surviving family

member called for an ambu-

Police said they were not

seeking anyone else over the

killings and were looking at

murder-suicide as one of the

The victims were named as

Robin Irving Bain, 58, his

wife Margaret, 50, and their

children Arawa, 20, Laniet,

through the head - two in

All were found shot

IS, and Stephen, I4.

possible scenarios.

ernment.

coon from the Yoruba southwest, then went into hiding and is known at least twice to have given police the slip. "We cannot easily forget June 12, it will serve as a

constant reminder of what happened and which should not he repeated," Mr. Daniyan said. "I am not against June 12, it has taught us a lesson that we should never again in this country cancel a well-conducted and accepted election."

The poll was billed free and fair by international observers, but then junta leader General Ibrahim Babangida alleged there had been irregularities. In August, Gen. Banbangida handed over to an unelected civilian administration which Gen. Abacha overthrew in

November. Mr. Daniyan had been a

N. Zealand headmaster, family killed

beds and one in the lounge of

the ramshackle house, police

said. A .22 calibre rifle, fitted

with a silencer, was found at

The alarm was sounded by the surviving son, David, 22,

who said he left the house at

5.45 a.m. and discovered the

bodies when he returned 45

minutes later after delivering

from what he saw. There was

some ammunition lying on the floor in his room," detec-

tive chief inspector Peter

Robinson, heading the in-

quiry, told Reuters.
"He had a look around and

found his mother and then

contacted an amhulance.

That's what he's saying,

whether it's right or not I don't know," Mr. Robinson

Mr. Robinson said there

"He became concerned

the scene.

newspapers.

Moroccan in shooting drama

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BRUSSELS (AFP) - A young Moroccan suffered shotgun wounds at Verviers Sunday during clashes involving up to 400 people following Belgium's 1-0 World Cup win over Morocco. A town official blamed a right-wing activist for the incident in the south of the country. He added the victim, who was hit three times, was not in danger. A policeman received a head injury and eight people were questioned, he added. Other incidents between Belgians and Moroccan residents were reported in Antwerp, where 17 people were ques-tioned, and Brussels, where police closed off a section of the city centre during the

A tribute to the dead in Sarajevo

SARAJEVO (AFP) -Mozart's Requiem rang out through the bombed out National Library in Sarajevo Sunday, as local and international singers and muscians paid tribute to the dead, giving hope to the living. Armoured vehicles ringed the library, their guns poincing up into the nearby front lines of the Bosnian Serb sector, and an anti-sniper force deployed around the building. Spanish tenor Jose Carreras and the former conductor of the New York Philharmonic Zubin Mehta joined members of the Sarajevo choir and orchestra for the performance. The Requiem was chosen as a homage to the 10,000 killed in Sarajevo and the tens of thousands killed elsewhere in a country over the past two years, organisers said. Filmed by Bosnian television and retransmitted live on a dozen foreign stations, the rights to the broadcast were sold to make money for the reconstruction of the city, they said. The audience was kept small in the confined ruins of the library. Bosnian President Alija Izetbegovic and the British commander of the U.N. forces in Bosnia, General Michael Rose attended but the public was kept away. The area has been largely quiet since the Serbs were persuaded to withdraw their heavy weapons from around the town at the end of February, U.N. officials said. Perhaps the concert was a return to a sense of normality for some. It was a "breath of hope," in the city, French U.N. commander for Sarajevo Andre Soubirou

Historian: Early church ceremonies united men

NEW HAVEN, Conn. (AP)

— In the middle ages, men who loved each other were

commonly united by priests in Christian ceremonies much like weddings between menand women, a historian says in a new book. In 12 years of research that took him to the Vatican library and elsewhere in Europe, John Bos-well of Yale University says be found liturgies that joined male couples with invoca-tions to God, the clasping of right hands and kisses to signify the bond. "In almost every age and place the cere-mony fulfilled what most people today regard as the essence of marriage: A permanent romantic commitment between two people, witnessed and recognised by the community," Mr. Bos-well wrote in "Same-Sex Unions In Premodern Europe." Other scholars dispute the findings, saying the cere-monies blessed friendships, not gay love, and should not be confused with Christian marriage. Mr. Boswell ack-nowledges it is impossible to know whether the same-sex relationships included sexual activity. But concludes the ties were stronger and deeper than friendship. His book carries a June 30 publishing date but has been rushed into hookstores. "What he's trying to do is change the Catholic Church. I think that was his whole purpose," said Vern L. Bullough, a profes-sor emeritus of history at the State University of New York at Buffalo. Prof. Bullough, who has written several texts exploring human sexuality, calls Mr. Boswell brilliant but said Mr. Boswell's personal background — as a gay man and a convert to Catholicism, from the Episcopal Church - may have coloured the research. Ralph Hexter, a professor of comparative

literature at the University of

Colorado and a longtime

friend of Mr. Boswell's, said

Mr. Boswell would not allow

his own beliefs to cloud his

research.

dead by police. their beds, two beside their appeared to have been a EU countries fight over top Eurocrat post

BRUSSELS (AFP) - The job of Europe's top bureaucrat is up for grabs and some countries of the European Union are fighting for it like dogs over a particularly luscious bone.

EU leaders will try at their six-monthly snmmit in Greece next Friday and Saturday to name a successor to Jacques Delors, who retires at the end of the year after 10 years at the helm of the EU's executive European

The man who gets the job - it pays about \$20,000 a month — will play a key role over the next five years in steering a course through the controversial waters of EU integration and enlargement into Eastern Europe.

Mr. Delors himself says that his successor "should be as big a pain in the neck as I am" — a quality necessary to control the EU bureaucracy and match wits and hlows with president and prime ministers.

The contest for his job has pitted two of the EU's biggest countries - Germany and France — against the Netherlands. It has also highlighted the role of Germany as the emerging dominant force of

The declared candidates are Belgian Prime Minister Jean-Luc Dehaene, outgoing Dutch Prime Minister Rnud Lubbers and the EU's British Trade Commissioner, Sir Leon Brittan.

Mr. Dehaene is considered the leading candidate, be-cause he has the support of Germany and France. Most observers predict a fight between him and Mr. Lubbers, who is less sympathetic to the German-French dominance of the EU.

Sir Leon is given an outside ehance as a compromise choice if the fight gets nasty, along with Peter Sutherland, who steered the Uruguay. Round of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) to success last year. Mr. Luhbers is pushing

hard for the commission presidency, established in 1958, because the Netherlands is the only one of the six founder members of the European Community never to have held the post for a full term.

The Dutch see this as an insult. Their only shot at Europe's top joh came when the commission's Italian president, Franco Maria Malfatti, resigned in 1972 and Sicco Mansholt took over for eight months to the end of his

But the German press is reporting widely that German Chancellor Helmut Kohl holds a grude against the Dutch candidate because Mr. Lubbers did not give early support for the unification of East and West Germany in

Diplomats say Germany doesn't want the job because, since reunification, it has become the EU strongman and is wary of being seen as too dominant. So Bonn is sponsoring Mr. Dehaene, who supports its Euro-federalist views. A wild card is held by the

new Italian prime minister, media tycoon Silvio Berlusconi. He has not yet shown whether he intends to break an Italian habit of following the German-French lead. The successful candidate

must have the support of all 12 heads of state and government at the Corfu summit. Mr. Dehaene and Mr. Lubbers will both be there. If Mr. Lubbers vetoes the other nominees, a decision

might have to be put off until later in the year. Whoever gets the joh, in the words of a senior diplomat here, should be "like a dog worrying a bone, not

afraid to hold on. He must have the biggest fists, and not be afraid to deal out smacks to everybody." That might apply more to

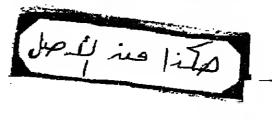
Mr. Dehaene, known in Belgium as a political fixer whose favourite tactic is to lock negotiators in a room, with sparse rations, until they have reached a compromise. The successful candidate will rub shoulders on equal

terms with world leaders, even though like Mr. Delors he may never have run for high public office. Complicating the contest are parallel campaigns to

name new heads for other international organisations. EU countries are jockeying for the influence and prestige associated with these jobs. The secretariat of the EU's

council of ministers is looking for a new chief, as is the World Trade Organisation which will replace the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT).

Other plums ripe for the picking are the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) and the Western European Union, the EU's developing defence arm. And NATO might soon need a new secretary-general.



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N. Ireland **Protestants** to embrace peace process DUBLIN (R) — Irish Foreign Minister Dick Spring urged Northern freland's Protestant politicians to sup-

urged Nortnern results to sup-Protestant politicians to sup-port an Anglo-Irish peace drive to end "inane" secta-nan killings such as Satur-drive massacre of World Cup day's massacre of World Cup

Mr. Spring, the deputy prime minister, expressed his "awful sense of revulsion" at the way Protestant UVF guerrillas cut down six innocent Catholics watching Ireland's 1-0 win over ftaly in a

country pnb in Loughinisland.
"All Irish people must feel a sense of shame because of the barbarous cruelty in which these people were shot down, while innocently ewatching a moment of joy for the country in the World Cup," he told the British (BBC). Broadcasting Corporation

The outlawed Volunteer Force (UVF) is killing Catholics at random to sabotge any attempt by Dublin to forge closer links with the British-ruled province en-Anglo-Irish peace plan. - visaged by the six-month-old

Angio-irisii peace piani. Sources close to the UVF and sister groups say they are determined to derail any attempt in the plan to involve Sinn Fein, political wing of frish Republican Army (IRA) guerrillas fighting to end British rule of the pro-

12 b Vince. Mr. Spring appealed to Northern Ireland's Protestant political leaders who want to - - : . : - maintain its 300-year-old union with Britain to back Anglo-Irish efforts to reconvene cross-border peace talks involving all concerned par-

> . The so-called threestranded talks have been in limbo since 1992 but Britain and Ireland are hoping to relaunch them later this year and to get both Protesretant and Republican gunmen to end the killing and-join the

negotiations. "I would hope that we can recommence the threestranded talks in a very short period of time. We have got to overcome the baggage o history we all share on this island to sit down together across the table and see if we

can reach conclusions." Mr. Spring's remarks were aimed at Northern Ireland's two main Unionist Protestant political parties which want the province to stay part of Britain and which are deeply suspicious of frish involvement in any talks about their

future. He called on Unionist pobticians to try to persuade the 60 per cent Protestant majority that peace moves did not threaten their British status and that there would be no forced attempt to reunite Northern Ireland and

the Irish Republic. There should be no fear of coercion or threat from the Republic of Ireland and they should be able to come and have discussions with us free from any fear." Mr. Spring

The mainstream Ulster Unionist Party (UUP) has given the initiative only grudging support while the hardline Democratic Union ist Party of fan Paisley vocally opposes any part for the Dublin government in North-

ern Ireland's affairs. The weekend killing was staged at an emotionallycharged moment when mil-lions across the island were glued to their television sets to watch the only team in the British and Irish islands to

the United States. It was also timed to harden attitudes by leaders of the IRA and Sinn Fein, who are due to give their final verdict in the next three weeks on

the Anglo-frish Downing Street Declaration. Britain and Ireland hope Sinn Fein will accept the offer of a seat at peace talks if the

Mr. Spring and other Irish government ministers believe tant extremists said they would fight against any

The Civil Affairs Ministry said some 482,000 houses had Sinn Fein sources said at been destroyed and three the weekend that the party's million hectares (7.4 million response was being hamacres) of cultivated land inunmered out at present and that dated, putting the cost of damage at 16.86 billion yuan the next two weeks could have a crucial effect on the (\$2 billion). peace process.



Rwandan militiaman wounded by rebel mortar shrapnel is carried to the Red Cross hospital by a comrade (AFP photo)

Angolan foes fight on as diplomats approach final peace talks hurdles

HARARE (AFP) — The civilian death toll from the bitter civil war in Angola. one of Africa's bloodiest conflicts, increased Monday as negotiators and diplomats prepared to approach the final hurdles in marathon peace

talks. Heavy fighting in several regions between government troops and rebels of the National Union for the Total fndependence of Angola (UNITA) prevented any resumption of relief activities on which some two million

people depend. In the embattled central city of Cuito, 40 people were killed and 60 others wounded Sunday alone, according to official radio Monday. Food stocks for civilians have run ont, the U.N. World Food

Programme (WFP) said. For days, UNITA artillery bas been pounding the town of Ndalatando in Cuanza-Norte province, which was retaken by the army some weeks ago, and the rebels have stepped up an offensive against Malanje in the north,

the radio said. Government forces meanwhile attacked UNITA positions at Seles, Waku-Kungo and Konda, in Cuanza-Sul province, the rebel Radio Vorgan reported Monday.

The fierce battles have for almost a month prevented the supply of food to Malanie and Uige in the north, Cuito and Huambo in the central

China

calls for

flood toll

hits 438

BEIJING (AFP) - China

appealed for international

help Monday to combat

floods that struck the south of

the country with the loss of

more than 400 lives, and con-

templated desperate mea-

sures to protect the wealthy

province of Guangdong.

As Beijing prepared to dispatch a task force to the

stricken region, a provisional

toll released by the ministry

of civil affairs said 438 people

had been killed and 6.470

injured, and 48 million peo-

ple affected across six pro-

Worst hit was Guangdong

province, where 134 people were confirmed dead and 52

are still missing, the state-ment said. Hong Kong news-papers described the floods

- triggered by successive

days of torrential rains which

persisted Monday - as the

In central Hunan, 120 peo-

ple had perished, the state-

ment said, adding 82 had died

in southern Guangxi, 50 in

eastern Zhejiang, 32 in

southeastern Jiangxi and 20

In Beijing, Prime Minister

Li Peng chaired an emergen-cy meeting of state council-

lors and ministry officials, TV

He said Vice Premier Zou

Jiahua would lead a central

government task delegation

to Guangdong, Guangxi,

Hunan and Jiangxi to help

with relief work, listing

priorities as protecting the

Pearl River delta, rescuing

people, ensuring food sup-

plies and preventing

Mr. Li and President Jiang

Zemin telephoned the flood-

hit provinces with messages

of sympathy, the news report

epidemics.

in southeastern Fujian.

evening news reported.

worst in half a century.

help as

highlands, which is Angola's second city and UNITA's stronghold. Weekly airlifts of 15,000 tonnes of food to these towns had previously been the biggest such operanon ever undertaken by the

As the fighting raged on, marathon peace talks in the Zambian capital Lusaka appeared to be entering their final phase, with negotiators due to return to their seats Tuesday.

Most of the outstanding problems, such as UNITA participation in a future government of national unity. are on the way to being resolved, according to the main mediator, U.N. special envoy Alioune Blondin Beye.

Mr. Beye went to Huambo at the weekend to brief UN-ITA leader Jonas Savimbi and also talked to President Jose Eduardo Dos Santos. He later proved upbeat, saying that 90 per cent of the difficulties had been over-

The negotiators are as of Tuesday expected to move on to the thorny issue of the status of Mr. Savimbi and other leaders of UNITA. which plunged Angola back into civil war after losing U.N.-supervised general

elections in September 1992. Since the latest talks began last Nov. 15, the rival sides have agreed on major military and legal issues, including the uniting of their armies. forming a new police force and the status of the UNITA members elected to parliament and of the rebel radio.

But the government has issued a new warning that Luanda will make no further concessions beyond "what has laready been proposed." according to Deputy Foreign Minister Joso Miranda.

UNITA spokesman and chief negotiator Jorge Valentim has called for a "solid discussion" of the key issue of UNITA's role in government and accused the ruling People's Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA) of playing with

Under pressure from the international community, particularly the troika of former colonial power Portugal and the United States and Russia, which in cold war days respectively backed UN-ITA and the MPLA, the foes have little time to iron out the problems.

The mandate of the U.N. mission in Angola, UN-AVEM II, expires on June 30 and diplomats close to the talks said coming days will be

critical. But it will not be possible so swiftly to end the distrust that has built up between the sides, at war since independence in 1975, apart from the pre-election period after a first peace pact was signed in

Muslim separatist leader shot dead in Kashmir

SRINAGAR (AFP) - A top Kashmiri Muslim separatist leader and religious figure was shot dead by unidentified gunmen in the strife-torn fndian state of Kashmir Monday, police said.

Gazi Nissar, 50, who headed the fundamentalist group Umate-I-fslami, or Islamic Community Front, was slain in the town of Dayalgam in the southern Kashmir district of Anantnag, police said in this Kashmir summer capital.

Tens of thousands of people took to the streets of Anantnag, Dayalgam and other nearby towns following the murder to mourn the death of the Islamic priest, scholar and politician, police

Mr. Nissar's body was paraded through the streets to shouts of "Allah-u-Akbar" (God is great) and "Catch the killers," police said, and sbops and offices closed down to protest the assassina-

The Indian security forces accused the dominant Kashmiri Muslim militant organisation Hizbul Mujahedeen of carrying out the killing, while Kashmiri Muslim separatist groups said it was the hand-

iwork of fudian agents. Verana Aivelli, the government intelligence chief in Kashmir, charged that militants bad told Mr. Nissar to attend an important meeting and then gunned bim down.

But Hizbul Mujabedeen supreme commander Syed Salahuddin denied that his group was involved in the killing and said it was staged by Indian agents to malign the Kashmiri Muslim separatist movement.

"Nissar was an important pillar of the ongoing move-ment," he told AFP by telephone. "These government agents have deprived us of another true friend."

Jamiat-f-Islami, the political wing of the Hizbul Mujabedeen, also denounced the slaying and said government agents were responsi-

Mr. Nissar was one of five Muslim leaders freed by the Indian authorities in 1992 after serving two years in pris-

He shot to prominence in 1986 when he defied a government ban on the slaughtering of cows, which are sacred to fudia's Hindu

majority. His Muslim United Front took part in 1987 state elections which were marred by widespread allegations of fraud by the Congress (I) Party and its National Con-

ference ally. The armed struggle against Indian rule which erupted two years after the elections bas left nearly 10,000 people dead in Kashmir, findia's only Muslim-majority state. Kashmir's ownership is disputed by India and Pakistan.

Clinton calls Simpson case 'genuine tragedy'

WASHINGTON (R) -President Bill Clinton Monday said the murder case involving U.S. football legend O.J. Simpson was a 'genuine tragedy."

Mr. Clinton's comment. in an NBC Today show interview, came several hours before Mr. Simpson was to be arraigned in Los Angeles on charges of stabbing to death his glamorous ex-wife and her male companion.

"It's a genuine tragedy. In some ways, it's a story as old as time and in some ways it's a modern story," Mr. Clinton said when asked about the

Mr. Clinton said it was sad

"that two people were killed, children were robbed of a mother, families lost loved ones and a man widely admired in this country is now caught in the web of a terrible tragedy."

He also implied that he joined millions of other Americans last Friday night watching live television coverage of a dramatic police pursuit of Simpson that ended with the 46-year-old athlete surrendering

"I bave to say after we all watched it in excruciating detail last weekend, the time has now come for the legal process to take its course."

Children, wounded evacuated across Rwandan battlelines

KIGALJ (R) — Children screaming in agony were evacuated across battlelines in the Rwandan capital Kigali Monday after another night of heavy bombardment by rebels pushing in on remain-

ing government positions. About 150 victims of three days of sbelling, including about 30 young orphans, were evacuated from the main Red Cross Hospital in the city centre to the sector controlled by the rebel Rwanda Patriotic Front (RPF).

We have to try and make some space here, it's just overflowing. We have had so many casualties come in over the last few days," said American Doctor John Sun-

He said between 500 and 600 fresh casualties had stretched the makeshift hospital's resources to breaking point.

The high-risk evacuation operation took place after the International Committee of the Red Cross (fCRC) and the U.N.'s depleted force in the capital had received assurances from both sides the convoy of four lorries would not be attacked.

The patients, many severely wounded and in a state of shock, were helped out of the bospital by Red Cross workers and into the waiting vehi-

A five-year old girl, both her legs amputated below the knee, stared blankly into space as small arms fire crackled around the lush, green hills of the central Afri-

Nearby, Ntumbiri, threeyears-old, cried out for bis dead mother, massacred by Hutu death squads a few days

earlier. "It's just unbelievable, incredible what we're seeing here." said Eric Vreede, a surgeon with the international bumanitarian charity Medecins Sans Frontieres

(MSF). The convoy wound its way through wrecked streets and past roadblocks manned by government troops and their allies of the dreaded Interahmamwe militia to the King Feisal Centre on the northeastern outskirts.

The centre bas been hastily set up by MSF and the Red Cross. A Red Cross worker was killed Sunday when the main hospital was bit by a bomb and several others were wounded.

Aid workers bope to evacuate many more people over the next few days. Overnight Sunday, the RPF threw volleys of mortars and shells at government

On Mount Kigali, the last piece of high ground held by tbe government, muzzle flashes from machineguns and mortars flickered. Tracers lit up the night sky and macbine gun fire rattled around the city.

"There was a lot of fighting but there hasn't been a significant change in territory, U.N. Assistance Mission fn Rwanda (UNAMIR) military spokesman Major Jean-Gny Plante told reporters.

The RPF, which now controls about two-thirds of Kigali, has also launched small raids into government areas to rescue members of the Tutsi tribe from which they draw most of their sup-

Several thousand are trapped in the Sainte Famille Complex in the city centre, A planned evacuation Sunday

was called off after a promised truce failed to materialise but UNAMIR said it restarted evacuations Monday.

France pushed ahead with its plans for military intervention to try to end the massacres in which as many as 500,000 people are now believed to bave been killed. The French embassy in

Nairobi said a French envoy left the Kenyan capital Monday for Rwanda to explain France's plans, which the rebels strongly oppose.

Jean-Michel Marlaud,

France's ambassador to Kigab whose mission was closed nearly two months ago, flew. to Entebbe, Uganda.

RPF leader Paul Kagame has said he will not meet the envoy and it is not at all clear if he will even be allowed across the border from Ugan-

"We intend to oppose the French intervention in this conflict by all means available to us... because of the role played in Rwanda by the French in the past," he told Radio French Internationale.

The RPF rebels, who are winning the war against the Hntu-dominated government army, are distrustful of France.

They say its hands are bloodied by support of the former government of President Juvenal Habyarimana, whose assassination on April 6 triggered the frenzy of bloodletting and propelled the rebels into the capital.

U.N. forces on the ground number just 450 and UN-AMIR Commander Major-General Romeo Dallaire said Sunday it would take weeks for the more than 5,000 reinforcements approved by the U.N. Security Council to de-

UNAMIR said Monday it was still unable to reopen Kigali Airport for supply planes because it does not bave sufficient security guarantees from the warring

parties following the mortar-

ing of the runway two weeks

South African Anglican Archbishop Desmond Tutu said Monday France should belp fund an all-African intervention force in Rwanda ratber than send French

troops there. France is unlikely to win troop commitments from European allies for the risky mission it plans to stop massacres in Rwanda, despite pleas from Paris for help, diplomats said Monday.

Ambassadors from the nine-nation Western European Union (WEU) defence group meet in Brussels Tuesday to consider the French plan. A similar meeting last Friday failed to produce pledges from French allies that they would send troops.

While some bave offered financial or logistical support, none seems willing to offer forces for a mission that could involve combat in a faraway country where they bave no major interests, di-

plomats said. "I would be very surprised if anyone else joins the French in what will be a very. dangerous mission," said one Brussels-based diplomat

from a WEU member state. At Friday's meeting, Italy was the only country which mentioned the possibility of sending troops. Italian officials say that while Rome does not exclude taking part, it would do so only if other allies joined. That now looks highly unlikely.

Japan coalition tries to mend ties with Socialists

TOKYO (R) - Prime Minister Tsutomu Hata's Japanese minority government, living under daily threat of defeat in a no-confidence vote, formally decided Monday to try and mend its broken alliance with

the Socialists. Representatives of parties in the ruling coalition agreed to seek policy talks with the Socialist Party as soon as the long-delayed state budget cleared parliament later this

more aggressive approach to the Socialist Party and ask it to return to the coalition," a coalition official said.

The unrebable Socialists, who quit the alliance the day Mr. Hata became prime minister in April, hold the key to his government's sm-

With their backing Mr. Hata could face down the no-confidence motion the main opposition Liberal

Democratic Party (LDP) has

sage of the budget. But there are still deep policy disagreements between the government and the Socialists, notably on taxation and North Korean

government fell, his

Socialist Chairman Tomiichi Murayama raised the stakes further Monday. Kyodo News Agency said be warned Mr. Hata that if no common policy platform could be reached and the form a stop-gap administra-

The coalition official refused to say if Monday's coalition meeting had considered the possibility of approaching the LDP as a possible partner in a new

government. Ichiro Ozawa, a key coalition policymaker, bas ruled out extending a wholesale invitation to the LDP, the conservative party which ruled Japan for 38 years until the

French Socialists in crisis as presidential poll looms

PARIS (AFP) - The resignation of party leader Michel Rocard has plunged France's main opposition Socialist Party into one of its most serious crises ever just 10 months before elections to succeed President Francois

Mitterrand. Mr. Rocard, a 63-year-old former prime minister, stepped down Sunday after losing a vote of confidence at a meeting of the party's Execu-

tive Committee. The Socialists now face the arduous task of finding a suitable candidate to field in the presidential race. Most analysts agree that Mr. Rocard's departure has cleared the way for the outgoing president of the European Commission, Jacques

Delors. Mr. Delors, whose current mandate in Brussels ends on Dec. 31, bas steadfastly refused to commit himself to returning to Paris to run for

France's highest office. · However, be is now under strong pressure to do so given that he is considered in political circles as the only Socialist with the status needed to have some chance of winning against conservative Prime Minister Edouard Balladur or neo-Ganllist Jacques Chir-

According to the latest opinion polls, Mr. Balladur would beat Mr. Delors to the presidency, but Mr. Delors would beat Mr. Chirac.

The relative wealth of potential candidates on the French right highlights the shortage of plausible candidates on the left, where the Socialist Party lacks a charismatic leader to represent it in the presidential contest next April.

The lack of appeal of the

mainstream Socialists was

Observers agree too that it needs to modify its policies, notably in light of the disastrous 14.5 per cent it scored observers say. in the June 12 European parliamentary elections.

further highlighted by the success of a list led by Bernard Tapie, a businessmanturned-politician and former Socialist minister, who took a large chunk of the traditional left-wing vote with his populviewers with Mr. Chirac.

ning short, we must make a vowed to submit after pas- could join with the LDP to in June 1993.

Former French parliament speaker Henri Emmanuelli (left) arrives at the Socialist Party executive committee meeting. Mr. Emmanuelli

was named interim party leader replacing

Michel Rocard who lost a confidence vote at the meeting following the party's drubbing in

last week's European elections (AFP photo)

Former Socialist premier Laurent Fabius, who bas barely concealed his opposition to Mr. Rocard, has openly declared his support for a Delors candidacy.

Mr. Mitterrand, who some analysts say "engineered" Mr. Rocard's downfall, is also thought to favour Mr. Delors. Meanwhile the Socialist ex-

ecutive named former par-

liamentry speaker Henri

Emmanuelli, 49, as acting party leader. Mr. Emmanuelli said be would steer the party "sharply left," adding that he would defend the move at a special congress scheduled for the autumn during which the par-

If the "sbarply left" tendency is adopted, Mr. Delors is unlikely to agree to run in the presidential race,

ty would set out its new poli-

In a fluid situation there was plenty of scope for further jockeying over the summer. as the party's various factions attempted to promote their standard bearers to positions

of best advantage. Meanwhile Mr. Balladur cancelled a prime time television interview Monday after it turned into a battle for

Mr. Ballador said last Friday that he would explain his plans for the next few months in the main news bulletin Monday on state television channel France-2.

Private channel TF1 said at the weekend it would interview Mr.Chirac, the Paris mayor, at the same time live from the capital's City Hall. "Numerous political state-

ments have been made over the past few days and to avoid adding to the information and commentaries the prime minister has decided to ask France-2 editors to postpone the programme scheduled tonight," Mr. Balladur's office said in a state-

A bitter bebind-the-scene truggle is underway between Mr. Balladur and Mr. Chirac ahead of their expected showdown for the succession to Socialist President Francois Mitterrand in next year's election.

Both men belong to the Gaullist Rally For The Republic (RPR) party, but Mr. Balladur, who has not said outright that he will run, has taken the lead in opinion polls over RPR leader Chir-

French Interior Minister

a primary election to choose the governing rightwing coalition's candidate for pres-

idential voting next year. Mr. Pasqua noted that the arties in the coalition — the Rally For the Republic (RPR) and the Union for French Democracy, headed by Valery Giscard d'Estaing bad made the bolding of a presidential primary part of the alliance's platform for legislative voting in March

The right went on to trounce the then-ruling Socialists in that election. But the primary was agreed no in principle only, with no de-

tailed planning. Mr. Pasqua, speaking on the French television station France 2, said, "if Mr. Chirac and Mr. Giscard d'Estaing, who signed the agreement, asked (the government) to take the necessary measures, f would do it." Mr. Pasqua

"In a primary, there would be nothing to prevent eight or ten candidates from taking part in the first round," Mr. Pasqua said, he refused to rule out running himself.

French presidential candidates are currently chosen by their party leadership. The Charles Pasqua Sunday re-surrected the idea of holding duled for May of next year.

take part in the World Cup in

IRA ends its 25-year war

an IRA ceasefire would silence the UVF guns but sources close to the Protesattempt by Dublin to shape Northern Ireland's political

Dahlin's late goal salvages 2-2

draw for Sweden against Cameroon

PASADENA, Calif. (AP) — The Swedes hate losing World Cup games 2-1. On Sunday, they were just 16 minutes away from a fourth straight hearthreaking sethack hy that dreadful score.

But striker Martin Dahlin's 751h minute goal salvaged a 2-2 draw in the Group B opener against Cameroon. It was Sweden's first point in the World Cup finals since a 1-1 tie with Brazil in Argentina in 1978.

"In the last World Cup I was young and I was injured and not in form, so it was a big disappointment," said Dahlin. "And now I have scored my first World Cup goal so I'm very, very hap-

"One point is OK for us. We still have the chance to reach the second round."

Dahlin's goal came after Henrick Larsson, who came in for Jesper Blomqvist in midfield just 14 minutes earlier, hit the crossbar with a powerful right-foot drive from 30 metres. Dahlin chested the hall down and heat goalkeeper Joseph-Amoine Bell with a left-foot

Roger Ljung, a defender, gave Sweden the lead with a header in the seventh minute. David Embe tied it with a controversial goal in the 31st and Francois Omam-Biyick, the other Cameroon striker. made it 2-1 early in the

second half. 'It was a match of changing fortunes and shifting situations in extremes," said

Trish odds shorten

LONDON (AP) - The Republic of Ireland has shortened

a 16-1 bet to win the World Cup after its 1-0 win over Italy in New York Saturday. British bookmakers Ladbrokes has

moved the Irish from 25-I, while Italy has eased from 5-1 to 8-1. Following its shock 3-1 win over Colombia, Romania has moved from 40S to 33S, while the South Americans eased from 7-1 to 12-1. Germany and Brazil remain equal

favourites at 3-1. The host country, the U.S., has leng-

inened from 80-1 to 125-1, and Norway shortened from

40-1 to 25 following a £5,000 (\$7,500) plunge. Spain is the

best backed team in the cup, having moved from 22-1 early iast week to 16-1, while Saudi Arabia remains on 500-1 with

BELIING (AP) — China put the brakes on World Cup fever Monday, asking soccer fans to turn their TVs down low and desist from sbouting "goal" late at night. China oidn't qualify for the quadrennial event, but that has not stopped millions of Chinese fans from staying up at night to watch the matches live on state-run television. But in a front-page commentary, the Communist Party newspaper

front-page commentary, the Communist Party newspaper

People's Daily asked soccer fans who are hurning the

midnight oil to remember their neighbours and keep the noise down. "Keep the TV down low. When you see a

great goal, keep your emotions under control. Don't shout loudly or applaud," it said in its article titled: "A reminder to soccer-supporting friends." Then, the newspaper warned, there's the danger of red-eye from soccer-fever.

"You must show some control, and not let it affect your

work. You must especially guard against accidents happening because of lack of sleep," it said. The time difference between China and the United States means that many

matches are broadcast in the small hours of the morning.

ORLANDO. Florida (AFP) - Morocco became the first

country to make three substitutions in a World Cup match

when they replaced their goalkeeper against Belgium

Sunday. FIFA decided that for this tournament injured

goalkeepers could be substituted even when two outfield

Morocco first to use 3 sub rule

a iche £10.097 (\$15) wager placed on it.

China warns fans: Keep it quiet

Cameroon's coach Henri Michel. "In the closing minutes my team lost the con-

Dahlin was Sweden's goalscoring hero in the qualifying phase with seven goals, but he went scoreless in his last four exhibitions going into the World Cup. And he struggled early in the game up front against a tough Cameroonian defence.

The heat (30 Celsius, 86 Fahrenheit) also was a negative factor early on for the Swedes, who practiced a week in much cooler weather in San Diego before going to Los Angeles five days ago.

"The first 20 minutes were terrible," Dahlin said. "It was very, very tough. I felt it in my legs. It was hard to run. It took a long time to adjust

It took the Cameroonians only 21 seconds to create the first dangerous chance in the game, a shot that goalkeeper Thomas Ravelli had some prohlems with because he

was facing the sun.

But it was the Swedes who dominated early and deservedly took the early lead before a crowd of 83,959 at the Rose Bowl, including several hundred Swedish fans, but about 8,000 short of

Ljung, who played every minute in all 10 qualifiers, scored his first World Cup goal as he rose high to beat Bell with a close-range header near the far post after a free kick taken by Jonas

Embe tied it with a goal that was as much fluke as controversial. It came after Swedish defender Patrick Andersson failed to clear the ball inside the penalty area.

Marc Vivien Foe, Cameroon's offensive threat, blocked Andersson's attempted clearance, got a lucky bounce and then had a clear path towards the goal before passing to the unmarked Embe. Embe, who appeared to be in an offside position. then tapped the hall into the

Peruvian referee Alherto Tejada Noriega first made the offside call, hut then changed his mind. "It was a very strange be-

haviour hy the referee," Swedish coach Tommy Svensson said. "First he whistled for offside himself without looking at the linesman. Then he talked it over with the linesman, asking him abouit his opinion. I couldn't see if it was offside or not. But the referee's action was

strange."
Omam-Biyick, who was
Cameroon's top player along
with veteran Roger Milla fouir years ago in Italy when the 'Indomitable Lions" became the first African team to reach the quarterfinals in World Cup history, made it 2-I just one minute into the second half.

A long pas by Rigobert Son Bahanag set up Omam Biyick's goal. With the hall sailing upfield, Omam Biyick broke behind two defenders nd tapped the ball just under

with Aziz Samadi.

NEWS IN BRIEF



Swedish defender Joachim Bjoerklund tries to tackle Cameroon's captain Stephen Tataw during their World Cup match Sunday at the Rose Bowl (AFP photo)

the left arm of Raveli, who was making his 11th appearance for Sweden.

Omam Biyick, who scored the game-winner for Cameroon in the famous 1-0 victory over then defending champion Argentina in the opening game of the 1990 World Cup finals, played well throughout opening the

Michel, who was the winning coach when France won the 1984 Olympic soccer title at the Rose Bowl, said Omam Biyick probably de-served the game MVP award as much as Dahlin.

players had aiready been replaced. When goalkeeper Khalil Azmi was injured in a collision with Belgium's Josip

Weber in the 88th minute Morocco were able to send oo

Zakaria Alaoui. They had already replaced Mustapha Al Hadaoui with Ahmad Bahja and Mohammad Chaouch

Italy ponder mystery of missing fans

MARTINSVILLE, New Jersey (R) — Embarrassed Ita-

lians were pondering the mystery of the missing tifosi (fans)

Sunday after a no-show from the residents of Little Italy at

their match with Ireland. The Irish scored a narrow 1-0 win

on the pitch but could claim a walkover off it as the tens of

thousands of green-clad fans turoed the match into the

equivalent of a home game for coach Jack Charlton and his

team. Italy expected equal backing from the huge Italo-

materialise. "There were a lot of Italians in the stadium

too... it's just they weren't as well choreographed as the Irish," soccer federation spokesman Antonello Valentini

said Sunday. The Irish outnumbered Italians by more than three-to-one in the crowd of almost 75,000 at the Giants Stadium in East Rutherford, just outside New York.

PASADENA, California (AP) — The southern California sun proved to be more of a menace than soccer hooligans at the first World Cup game at the Rose Bowl. Police say 55 people were treated for heat exhaustion during Saturday's game wheo 92,000 fans crammed into the stadium to watch Romania upset Colombia 3-1. The temperature soared to 31 degrees Celsius (88 Fahrenheit) in the city 15 kilometres (10 miles) north of downtown Los Angeles, according to the National Weather Service. On Sunday, fans flocked to the Rose Bowl for another game nitting Sweden against

the Rose Bowl for another game pitting Sweden against Cameroon. The first game went smoothly except for 38 arrests for ticket scalping, said police who confiscated 220 tickets and an undetermined amount of cash. Some shoving

and pushing occurred outside the stadium as hundreds of people waited, some impatiently, for up to 1½ hours for

shuttle buses to take them to far-flung parking areas, said

police Cmdr. Mary Schander. The hus arrangements were

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made hy the World Cup. Schander said.

Heat exhaustion fells 55

Svensson, whose team reached the semifinals of the 1992 European championships, said he was both disappointed and satisfied with the result."

"We gave up two easy als," he said. "But the game could have ended both ways. I think we made a hrave comehack in the

Sunday's game was the second of eight scheduled for the Rose Bowl, leading to the July 17 final. The next two are the United States' last two games in Group A, against Colombia Wednesday and Romania June 26.

2-match suspensions for Etcheverry,

DALLAS (AP) - Two match maximum suspensions were imposed Sunday for players from Spain and Bolivia who had been ejected for rough play in first-round World Cup matches. It was the second time in less than a week that soccer's ruling body made it clear it wants to keep this cup clean.

Nadal

FIFA met for more than an hour before anoouncing the stiff punishment against Miguel Nadal of Spain and Marco Etcheverry of Bolivia for fouls in Friday's two

The Spanish and Bolivian soccer federations also were fined 5,000 Swiss francs (\$3,570) each, the minimum uoder the rules for a red card.

The disciplinary panel, chaired by Pahlo Porta Bussoms of Spain, also declared that two yellow card warnings for one player on first-round games would mean automatic one game suspension. And because of thal, the committee decided that the usual one-game suspension for a red card was not enough, The committee adopted

the principle that a direct expulsion will automatically huy a two-match suspension and fine," said Joseph Blat-ter, FIFA's general secretary. Etcheverry, nicknamed the Devil, was thrown out of

Bolivia's opener against Germany in Chicago after he kicked Lothar Matthaeus.

1st World Cup victory performed well in the games. area, Rekdal took it off his "This is the best start we could hope for," Rekdal said.

Late goal gives Norway

WASHINGTON (AP) — Second-half substitute Kjetil Rekdal scored with five minutes remaining moments after Erik Thorstvedt foiled three Mexican chances to give Norway a 1-0 victory in their Group E World Cup opener Sunday.

Rekdal, who came on for Erik Mykland in the 79th minute, beat his defender and slid a low shot under Jorge Campos from the right side of the goal box.

Mexico missed its final chance in the first minute of injury time when Luis Alves Zague's diving header hit the right post, bounced off his head and was cleared on a header by Henning Berg. "I'm proud and happy and

very tired, too," siad Norwegian coach Egil Olsen. "I know we could have lost two goals in the last minute. I know we were lucky."

The victory, Norway's first ever in World Cup play, tied it with Ireland atop the group after one game. Ireland beat Italy 1-0 on Saturday. Mexico seemed right at

home in the sizzling stadium, and the majority of the crowd of 52,395 were behind the Mexican team — most clad in red, white and green.

Bot Norway's few thousand supporters were the ooes cheering and dancing in the aisles at game's end.

Norway has had plenty to cheer about this year, considering the country put on a

It took the Norwegians more than five decades to get back into the World Cup after their lone appearance in 1938. Now that they've got a victory, they're looking to build on it.

"I'm extremely pleased and happy to get the goal," Rekdal said. "We won today, but there's still a long way to

Rekdal's goal came aftet Mexico applied pressure midway through the second haif and appeared to be taking control of the game. Mexico created three chances in four ninutes, forcing Thorstvedt into diving saves on two of

Luis Garcia, Ignacio Ambriz and Hugo Sanchez each narrowly missed chances in the 74th, 76th and 77th minutes.

Thorstvedt parried away Garcia's blast from the top of the penalty area, knocked away Garcia's hlast from the top of the penalty area, knocked away Ambriz's 25metre shot and watched San-chez's bicycle kick go wide from 7 metres to keep Mexico scoreless.

After Norway went ahead, esus Ramon Ramirez led Norway hack, chipping a ball to Zague, whose diving header collided with the post.

Norway went ahead when Jan Fjortoft gained control of the ball near the penalty

foot and charged past Mexico's Claudio Suarez before shooting the ball into the left

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corner of the net.
The 36-degree Celsius (98) Fahrenheit) and high humidity led to Olseo's decision to remove Mykland for Rekdal.

"It was better to put some-one in with fresh legs when the team was so tired," he said. "Some of the players couldn't stand on their feet after the game. Now they are walking. Despite being considered a

slight underdog, Norway had the better of play and used its stronger lineup to outmuscle the Mexicans.

In the first half Norway had a goal disallowed and had the better of the goal scoring chances.

Fiortoft collided with Campos as they both leaped for a high throw in the 23rd mi-oute. The ball rattled through a maze of legs before ending up in the goal, but Hungarian referee Sandor Puhl waved off the score because of

dangerous play.

The Norwegians had two more good scoring chances io the five minutes before halfe-

Fjortoft volleyed a hard shot from the right corner of the goalbox io the 41st that Campos hit in the hands and deflected over the net. Rune Bratseth four mi-

outes later seot a diving header just wide and high of the opposite post.



Haaland collide as they try to gain possession of the ball during their first round World Cup

Mexico's Luis Alves (L) and Norway's Alf Inge match Sunday at Washington's RFK St

FIFA clarifies new tackling rules

DALLAS (R) — FIFA Sunday clarified confusion over which tackles from behind warranted a red card at the

World Cup.
Sepp Blatter, general secretary of the world soccer body, dismissed any sugges-tions that referees were not following their instructions to send off players who commit-ted violent tackles from be-

There have been a number of incidents in matches so far in which players have tackled from behind but have not been punished, prompting some confusion.

"So far, from the reports we have received from the referees's inspectors and the commission, we are satisfied with the way the referees apply our instructions, and also the linesmen," Blatter told reporters.

He clarified pre-

tournament explanations of the type of tackle from be-hind that would lead to instant dismissal, saying a red card would only be issued if the tackling player had no realistic chance of winning

Originally FIFA said any tackle from behind that was considered violent would lead to a dismissal.

FIFA President Joao Havelange said four days be-fore the finals began that any referee who did not show a red card for a tackle from behind would be on the first plane home. Blatter also said before the

soccer began that a tackle from behind would mean an automatic sending off. But Sunday he said: "What

we want to avoid is these no-chance situations of the attacker going away and the defender attempting not to take the ball, but to stop the player from behind. This is what we want to take out of

the game.
"If the tackling player does
not touch the ball, then he
should be seot off. If he takes the ball away them obviously

he has played the hall. "We have shown the referees a lot of examples of what we mean, where there was not a chance for the player to win the ball, especially with sliding tackles at the man with the ball."

Blatter said FIFA was pleased with the standard as

refereeing.
"It is absolutely for us such a pleasure when, after what we have done to improve refereeing over the past three

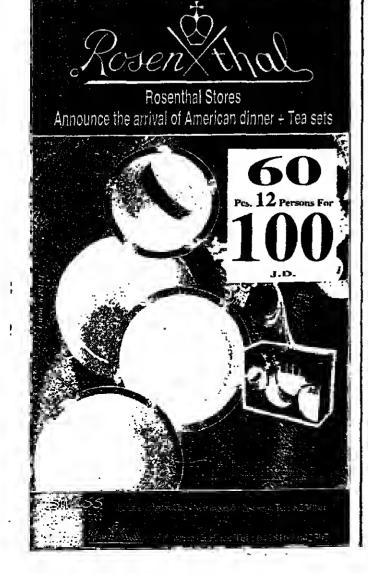
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Maradona leads Argentina in his fourth World Cup

FOXBORO, Massachusetts (R) — Diego Maradona confounds bis many critics by fourth World Cup, opening against debutants Greece in a Stadium Tuesday,

to capitalise on the still considerable ball skills of Maradona to feed the dangerous strike pairing of 1990 veteran Claudio Caniggia Gahriel Batistuta.

despite a bruised toe in his

Coach Alfio Basile, heavily victory in the opening game against the group's weakest

tas Panagoulias said Argenti-

WorldCupUSA

Today's matches,

Group D: Argentina vs. Greece in Boston at 19:35 Amman time. Group C: Germany vs. Spain

Group D: Nigeria vs. Bulgaria in Dallas at 02:30

than Greece, hur that they would feel the pressure of their country's expectations. "If they don't score in the first 20 minutes, we will gain

confidence and ir will become more difficult for Argentina to win," said Panagoulias, taking heart from some astonishing upsets in the first few days of the tournament. Veteran defensive midfiel-

der Panayotis Tsalouhides is expected to have the task of picking up Maradona in the last quarter of the field. Stoppers Yannis Kalitzakis and Thanasis Kolitsidakis will take Caniggia and Batistuta.
Panagoulias is expected to

pack his defence and midfield and leave it to lone striker Nikos Machlas, 21 last Thursday, to try to eke out a chance or two and make the most of them.

Basile may have plenty of individual talent in his squad, but he has to hope they gel after fitful recent perform-

The South American champions go into the match with a record of 23 wins and 17 draws in 44 matches under Basile since the 1990 World Cup final. They have never met Greece.

They will play with a classic back four, in which Oscar Ruggeri wins an Argenune record 95th cap, and a ballwinning and playmaking pair of Real Madrid's new signing Fernando Redondo and Diego Simeone of Sevilla. Luis Islas of Independiente

looks set to take over in goal from 1990 penalty shootut hero Sergio Goycochea. In an also European-based attacking quartet — apart from the clubless Maradona

- Caniggia's Roma teammate Abel Balbo, normally a striker, will play a more withdrawn role helping his cap-Basile's squad have work-

ed hard on their fitness in the last two weks. Maradona and Balbo are expected to get back and help Redondo and Simeone to regain possession when opponents take the They will need to pace

themselves in the intense heat. The match kicks off 12.35 p.m. local time, when



Diego Maradona

temperatures in recent days have been well above 90 de-grees Fahrenheit (30 Celsius) in the Boston area. Probable teams:

Argentina — 12-Luis Islas 4-Roberto Sensini, 13-Fernando Caceres, 6-Oscar Ruggeri, 3-Jose Chamot 14-Dieo Simeone. 5-Fernando Redondo, 10-Diego Maradona, 19-Abel Balbo, 7-Claudio Caniggia, 9-Gabriel Batistu-

Greece — 1-Antonis Minou 4-Stelios Manolas 2-Stratos Apostolakis, 5-Yannis Kalitzakis, 3-Thanasis Kolitsidakis 17-Minas Hatzides. 6-Panayotis Tsalouhides, 8-Nikos Nioplias, 19-Savvas Koffides, 11-Nikos Tziantakis 9-Nikos Machlas. Referee: Arturo Angeles

(United States).

Chang safely through at Wimbledon

LONDON (AFP) — Michael Chang ignored the reputation of Wimhledon's notorious number-two court and came safely through his first round clash on the opening day of the 1994 championships here Monday.

Playing on the outside court, which has earned the nickname 'graveyard of champions' because of the number of upsets there over the years, Chang saw off Alberto of Spain 7-6 (7/2), 6-4, 6-2.

Although many top players dislike playing there because of the proximity of the crowd, Chang revelled in the atmosphere and ran down everything the Spaniard, a clay court specialist, could hit at him.

Chang now plays Austra-lian qualifier Michael Tebbutt who hammered Robbie Weiss of the United States 6-3, 6-0, 6-3.

In the women's singles, South Africa's diminutive 14th seed Amanda Coetzer launched her 1994 campaign with a quick fire straight-sets victory over Elena Likhovtseva of Kazakhstan Monday.

The 5ft 2in (1.57m) 22year-old, who has never got further than the second

round in four previous visits, ended with a flourish to score a 6-4, 6-0 victory and earn a second-round clash against either Chanda Rubin of the United States or Louise Field of Australia.

Coetzer, playing for the first time since her 1-6, 1-6 loss to the absent Mary Pierce at the recent French Open in Paris, took control in the second-set and kept her opponent constantly wrongfooted with excellent returns and vollevs.

Other early first-round winners included Coetzer's compatriot Elna Reinach. Nathalie Tauziat of France and Romanian newcomer Irina Spirlea.

Reinach, 25, won an all-South African hattle with junior compatriot Joannettte Kruger 7-6 (8/6), 6-3 in a match which produced ten beaks of serve and interminable rallies of sliced forehands. In the fifth game Kruger, 20, had a nasty fall but

she was able to play on. Reinach now plays Tanziat wbo overwhelmed Asa Carlsson of Sweden 6-2, 6-1.

Spirlea, 20 and described by many top been players as 'the new Steffi Graf," raced past Britain's Monique Javer

The bard-hitting Roma-nian, who has risen 38th in the rankings and who is making her Wimbledon debut, now faces either Australia's

Kristine Radford or Angelica

Gavaldon of Mexico. Experienced Australian Mark Woodforde proved too sharp for Japan's Shuzo Mat-

The 28-year-old lefthander from Adeleide, who is playing his ninth Wimbledon, surged into the secondround after scoring a 6-2, 7-5, 6-4 win.

Matsuoka, 26 and a finalist at Queen's in 1992, returned service superbly but made too many errors trying to get down to low balls. It ended another unhappy

visit by the 131st-ranked Japanese player. In five visits he has yet to get past the Woodforde now plays

Czech Daniel Vace who defeated Frenchman Gerard Solves 6-4, 6-2, 4-6, 2-6, 6-2 in a five-set thriller. Woodforde's compatriot

John Fitzgerald went out tamely in his first-round clash against eleventh-seed Petr Meanwhile in the women's

singles another Australian.

Michael Chang

Kristine Radford, scored a ruthless 6-0, 6-0 win over Angelica Gavaldon of Mex-

Death threats caused Pierce to quit Wimbledon

LONDON (AFP) — A series of death threats finally caused French tennis star Mary Pierce to quit Wimhledon - not a fear of losing on

Senior Wimhledon officials confirmed here Monday that the 19-year-old French Open finalist received two calls Friday saying that she would be murdered if she played at the championships

It was the last straw after a week of intense media pressure in which she was told of rumours that a tabloid newspaper was planning to fly her estranged American-born father and former coach Jim Pierce to Wimbledon to confront ber. Jim Pierce, 58 and a former

convict with a long history of mental instability and disruptive behaviour, is banned from attending all tennis

But it had been reported that he was going to attempt to breach security at the Ali England Club by wearing a

"Mary was clearly very worried about these calls and they put the seal on what has been a very miserable time for her," said a senior tournament official.

"She decided she could not play under these very unfair and unjust pressures. Whoever made the calls has been callous to the extreme."

The official made it clear that there was no suggestion that the player's father was behind the calls. Mary Pierce, who travels with ber French mother Yannick and is currently trained by American coach Nick . Bollettieri, had a miserable time at East-

Unable to adjust to the fast, grass courts, the Wimbledon seventh seed crashed out to an unknown 15-yearold Czech player in the junior

Rockets beat Knicks 86-84,

bourne

event, prompting some players to suggest she was using her father as a "smokescreen" and that she was frightened of losing in the Wimhledon first round to compatriot Julie Halard.

Former champion Billie Jean King, winner of 20 Wimbledon titles claimed "most players thought she would withdraw from Wimbledon when they saw the

In the United States Jim Pierce is reported to have denied all suggestions that he was planning to gatecrash

Korea's campaign to host Cup gets boost

DALLAS, Texas (AFP) -South Korea's dream of becoming the first Asian counreceived a major boost from their stunning draw with Spain in The Cotton Bowl. A good showing bere is vital if Korea wants to host the 2002 World Cup, and as

the team flew out early Saturday for their next Group C match against Bolivia in Boston Tuesday they were brimming with new-found confidence. Plagued for years by an

inability to bold on to a lead or last 90 minutes, the South Koreans finally ended their international nightmare. Not only did they come back from being two goals

down, they grabbed the equaliser in the final minute. "Perhaps this is the end of our infamous second half problems," said Chung Mong-Joon, president of the Korean Football Association

and FIFA's new Asian vice-

president Chung, a multi-millionaire who controls the world's largest shipyard, is determined to bring the World Cup to South Korea and he

even NBA's final series 3-3 HOUSTON (AP) - Kenny Starks' 3-pointer at the

Smith's borrible series turned terrific with one flick of the wrist that sent a 3-pointer through the boop and helped the Houston Rockets stay alive in the NBA finals.

York fighting back and sparked the rockets to an 86-84 win Sunday might that tied the series 3-3 with game 7 Wedensday night in Hous-

Smith, the starting point guard who had just 25 points in the series to that point, launched his shot from the top of the key. It gave Hous-ton an 84-77 lead.

He was mobbed by his teammates when he returned to the bench as the Knicks called a timeout.

But the Knicks were far from done as John Starks. who had 16 points in the fourth quarter, hit a basket with 1:33 left and a 3-pointer 20 seconds later to make it 84-82. Houston did not score on its next possession, but Hakeem Olajuwon stole a pass by Starks, was fouled and made two free throws

with 39 seconds remaining.
Anthony Mason's 12footer (4-metre shot) with 32 seconds left hrought New York back within two and a long jumper by Smith as the shot clock wound down, went

The Knicks had the ball and a final chance with 7.6 seconds left.

buzzer fell way short and was knocked out of bounds. Olajuwon bad 30 points ad 10 rebounds for Houston, while Carl Herrera had 12 points and Smith seven.

Starks finished with 27 points and Patrick Ewing had 17 points and 15 rebounds. Now Honston bas the homecourt advantage that New York seized by winning

the previous two games. Home teams have won the last 19 game 7S. The Rockets, who began the season. with 15 straight wins, will be

NBA champions if they can end it with two in a row. Wednesday night's game 7 will be the first in an NBA

third in the last 16. The last time it happened, the Los Angeles Lakers overcame a 3-2 deficit by winning two straight at bome against Detroit in 1988.

Home teams are 57-11 in game 7S played in NBA history. But four of the last five championships were clinched on the road.

Houston is 2-1 in seventh games, including a comeback from a 2-0 deficit to Phoenix in this year's Western Conference semifinals. The Knicks won two seventh games this year against Chicago and Indiana and are 6-5

Trailing 27-26 with 91/2 minutes left in the second quarter, the Rockets took control with a 9-0 run and led 46-36

at halftime on 53 per cent finals in six years and only the

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T O A A T Y	JURASSIC PARK	Christian Slates in KUFFS Shows: 12:30, 3:15, 5:00, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30	CONCORD '1' DENNIS THE MENACE Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 CONCORD '2' GET AWAY Shows: 12:30, 3:45, 6:00, 8:15, 10:15	Soon the new play!!!	Today & Everyday Abu Awwad in social comedy **PUNCTURED BAG"	Present their play: WHAT A PEACE! (Salam Ya Salam) Daily at 8:30 p.m. The theatre is closed on Tues days.

African soccer came of age at the 1990 World Cup when Cameroon reached the quarter-finals and served notice that the continent would one day triumpb, If Westerhof is to be believed, that time bas already

And it is his Nigerian side crowned African champions in April — who will do it, not fellow qualifiers

"When I came to Nigeria five years ago I saw people playing football everywhere on small patches of land, under bridges, and I was impressed with the way they handled the hall. I was a

they already had, and bring in discipline, I could make a could reach for the sky. That's what I have been

ia. Everyone wants to know if Nigeria will set USA '94 alive the way their neighbours illuminated Italia '90, "We respect Cameroon.

They did very well in Italy. But we want to do better bere and I know we can do bet-ter," said Westerbof, who has coached Dutch clubs

self, and we believe in ourselves. Nigeria are African champions and we want to make the nation proud of "We are well prepared and

bave the team and players to be the surprise of this World Cup. No-one should underestimate us." Westernof, who calls him-

self a "Dutch-erian" after five years in Lagos, says the key to Nigeria's strength lies in the number of players who play in European leagues where they have gained valuahle top-level experience. Striker Rashidi Yekini was

top scorer at the African Nations' Cup as well as in the Portuguese league this season with Setabul. He is quick to acknowledge the difference between the World Cup and Africa cham-

pionship, but points to his record in Portugal as proof of his ability on the top stage.
"I don't think I will have any problems, but what you need to win a World Cup is luck. If you have the luck,

you are the best," he said.

GOREN BRIDGE

WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.1-East-West vulnerable, as South you hold: \$487 \(\forall 108765 \cdot \text{KQ5} \rightarrow \text{KJa} \)

Q.2—East-West vulnerable, as South you hold:

497 ©108765 OKQ5 AKJ8 South East North West Pass Pass 1 ? Pass

Q.3-Both vulnerable, as South you hold: 4A962 TJ4 A52 4Q1083 The hidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 7 Pass 1 4 Pass
1 NT Pass ? What action do you take?

•AK753 ♥K6 ○K9742 ◆4 The hidding has proceeded:
West North East South
1 4 Page 1 7 ? What action do you take?

Q.6—Both vulnerable, as South you hold:

\$\text{\$\alpha\$A109762}\$ \times 65 \times \text{\$\alpha\$Q \$\times A42}\$
The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

I NT Pass 3 \times Pass

4 \times Pass 7 What action do you take?

Spain seek courage for Germany match

world champion Germany.

isolated, that's the key. ened, we shouldn't be scared

of Germany," Clemente said. "If we lose, well, we lose but we'll do it witbout fear." Although a man sbort owing to the expulsion of captain Miguel Angel Nadal. Spain went 2-0 up in its World Cup opening game against South Korea in Dallas Friday and appeared to bave

to go the underdog Asian side zapped in two goals to steal the draw.

three points in the bag. But

with less than seven minutes

players appeared to have recuperated.

round against Bolivia June game against Bolivia 1-0.

main players be feared in Tuesday's game.

Clemente was speaking after a team workout in the Illinois Benedictine College in Lisle, on the ontskirts of

LISLE, Ill. (AP) — After letting slip a golden chance of victory against South Korea, the Spanish squad Sunday was working to recharge team morale for Tuesday's crucial game against reigning

The key is to play well. with a lot of spirit and enjoyment," said coach Javier Clemente. "We bave to play as a unit, a single block, not "And also not to be fright-

The result plunged Spain's morale in the immediate aftermath hut Sunday the

Spain now plays its second Ground C game against Germany in Chicago's Soldier Field. It winds up its first

Germany won its opening Clemente highlighted Germany's midfielder Andreas Moeller as being one of the

"Moeller is a vital player for Germany. He's capable of putting his stamp on the game with little difficulty," said the Spanish coach.

During the session, a group of local schoolchildren presented the players with a carnation each wishing them luck in this the team's ninth World Cup.
On finishing the training,

Clemente's plans received an unexpected setback on bear-ing the decision by the world soccer body FIFA to suspend Nadal, the squad's anchor man, for two games instead of the customary one because of the red card against South Когеа. "I think it's totally unfair

and out of proportion," said Clemente. It was confirmed, bowever, that key midhelder Fernando Hierro had recuperated from the muscle injury be suffered against South Korea and

would be fit to play. Tuesday's match will also see the return of Spain's top ranked veteran goalkeeper Andoni Znhizarreta who missed the South Korea game owing to a red card sanction. None of the players were willing to enter into discus-

sion with Spanish reporters

over whether 24-year-old

Santiago Canizares, who played superhly Friday. should stay on as the team's no. 1 goalkeeper. "It's a totally unjust sug-gestion, we're 22 players and we respect the coaches deci-sion as to who plays," said Barcelona midfielder Jose Maria Bakero. "I thought I

was going to play against Korea but 1 didn't and there was nothing more to it."
Bakero, however, is reported to be odds on to get his game from the start against Germany in place of youngster Julen Guerrero whom Clemente is said to feel may lack the old-hand, experience necessary for this particular match.

made no attempt to hide his delight at their first result.

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Duty unpaid — Chevrolet, Caprice/Brogham.

leading Argentina in his Group D game at Foxboro The stocky star of Argentina's 1986 triumph, so often written off since defeat in the 1990 final as he indulged in drugs, failed to keep fit and fought with his cluhs and once with an air gun - the media, can set a record for World Cup appearance if he plays in all three first-round in Chicago at 23:00 Amman Argentina will be looking (Wednesday) Amman rime.

> 'He's still the best player in the world. We'll be waiting for the balls from Diego's magic left foot to score," said Caniggia, also back from a drugs ban and set to play

> left foot, with a painkiller if criticised hack home for defensive tactics that almost cost Argentina a passage to the U.S. finals, is betting firmly on attack knowing a

side is crucial. His opposite number Alke-

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TIAZ RAILWA

MARKET PRICE

World Cup triumph' DALLAS (R) — Cameroon blazed the World Cup trail for black Africa four years ago but Nigeria believe they will be the ones to take the

tropby bome from America. While most countries are reluctant to predict anything, Nigeria's players and Dutch coach are oozing confidence. "We are here to win the World Cup," said coach Clemens Westerhof. "Pressure?

footballer and they could do things I couldn't," he said. "I knew if I could mix European tactics with what

Feyenoord and Vitesse Amehm. "You must believe in your-We don't know what that is."

'Nigeria poised for

world champion team we doing for five years and that's why we are here now." The shadow of Cameroon 1990 hangs heavy over Niger-

The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West

1 Pass ?
What do you bid now?

What do you bid now?

Q.5-East-West vulnerable, as

Bomb blast in Iranian shrine kills 70, injures 114 be land in exchange for peace

TEHRAN (Agencies) — A bomb blast ripped through a crowded shrine in the Holy City of Mashhad on Monday killing 70 people and wounding 114, the official news agency IRNA said.

It was the highest number of people killed in a single bomb attack in Iran since the early years of the 1979 Islamic revolution and it was unprecedented for a religious shrine in Iran.

The pilgrims from all over Iran had gathered to commemorate Asburu, the anniversary of death of the third Shifte Muslim leader. Imam Hussein, grandson of the Prophet Mohammad, at the holiest Shiite shrine in the

Iran's spiritual guide Ayatollah Ali Kbamenei issued a message blaming the main armed opposition group Mujahedeen-e-Khalq for the for the attack, while the government declared Tuesday a day of national mourning. The Mujahedeen denies responsibilities for the blast.

IRNA said the Iranians bad gathered in the prayer hall of the mausoleum of the 1mam Reza.

It was the worst single terrorist atrocity in the country since the 1988 ending of the eight-year Iran-Iraq war. IRNA said 70 people were

killed and 114 rusbed to hospitals in the city, 720 kilometres east of Tebran. It said most of the mour-

ners bad come from other parts of Iran to commemorate the anniversary, one of the Shiites' holiest days. It was not known how

prayer hall when the bomb exploded. The agency said it received a call from a man who called

many people were in the

himself a spokesman for the largest city and home to a Mujahedeen and claimed re-

sponsibility for the bombing. The agency said the caller was meant to avenge the death of the "martyrs of the June 20th uprising," the date in 1981 when the Mujahe-

deen began its campaign

against the government.

But in a statement issued from its office in France, a Mujahedeen spokesman "strongly condemned" the bombing. "Such criminal ac-tions, which inflict casualties on innocent people, only serve the interests of the mullahs' regime," the spokesman

Several small bombs have exploded in Tebran in recent months and authorities have blamed Iraq, its enemy in the 1980-88 war, and the Muiahedeen, wbich is based in

Iraq.
On June 1, Intelligence
Minister Ali Fallahiyan claimed that his security men bad smashed a network of saboteurs that was masterminded by two Iraqi army officers.

He claimed that it was the eighth such underground cell broken in four months. Ayatollah Khamenei called

on security officials to "thoroughly investigate the incident and bring those responsible for the attack to justice immediately.

Rescuers rusbed to the scene and helped take the wounded, including seven who bad serious injuries, to hospitals in Mashhad. The casualties included many women and children.

The opposition National Council of Resistance of Iran (NCRI) also condemned the attack in a statement received in Nicosia. The Paris-based council is mainly comprised of the Mujahedeen.

Mashhad, Iran's second

Regent: Final settlement should

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, on Monday reaffirmed Jordan's keenness on reaching a just and comprehensive peace on the basis of U.N. Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338. Speaking at a meeting held

at the Royal Court with a visiting delegation led by Andrew Greene, undersecretary at the British Foreign Office (see photo), the Regent stressed that a final settlement should be based on the concept of exchanging land for peace.

Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Al Hassan, wbo attended the meeting, said the Regent reiterated the

By Mariam M. Shahin

AMMAN - Two busineds of

men, women and children headed for the West Bank on

Monday for a two-day visit to

imprisoned sons, fathers, brothers and husbands.

The International Commit-

tee of the Red Cross (ICRC)

arranged for the visit of 85

relatives of Palestinian pris-

oners in Israeli jails. The visit

is the third of its kind in three

years, ICRC spokesman in

Amman Mouin Kassis told

the: Jordan Times as he saw

off the visitors at the ICRC

Sixty-six adults and 19 chil-

dren boarded two buses after

days of negotiations carried

out by ICRC officials in Am-

man and occupied Jerusalem.

The visiting relatives do not

have West Bank identity

cards and have no visitation.

headquarters in Shmeisani,

Jordan Times Staff Reporter



rights to the occupied terri- live in other Arab countries

Kingdom's commitment to the peace process in line with international legitimacy to achieve a comprehensive set-

The Regent also outlined His Majesty King Hussein's efforts towards a just peace

"Only the category of peo-

from this trip was chosen,"

"These people have no leg-al means of visiting the occu-

pied territories other than through us," he said. The imprisoned relatives

are held in ten prisons where

most of the 5,500 Palestinian

prisoners are held by Israel.

Organisation (PLO) has de-

manded that all Palestinian

political prisoners be released

by Israel. Nabil Shaath. a

member of the Palestinian National

Authority, recently said that

the release of those prisoners

was the "number one prior-ity" for the new Palestinian

Relatives of Palestinian

prisoners in Israeli jails who

Prince Hassan said the rise

self-rule government,

The Palestine Liberation

Families head for West Bank

to visit Palestinian detainees

said Mr. Kassis.

that would ensure security and stability for the whole region, the minister said.

The minister said that issues pertaining to Angloian ties were also reviewed at the meeting.

such as Lebanon, Syria and

lraq bave not visitation

rights, Mr. Kassis said.
"Only families hiving in
Jordan bave obtained these

visitation rights so far through us," he said. "We

hope that soon there will be

no more political prisoners so

Most of the prisoners being

released by Israelis in the last

weeks are being forced to live

in the Jericho and Gaza self-

rule enclaves and Israel bas

not allowed them to return to

their homes in other parts of

the West Bank, Gaza and

Saeb Erekat, the local gov-

ernment minister in the

Palestinian authority, pro-

tested last week to the

Israelis about what he called

a violation of the PLO-Israeli

all this will end.

East Jerusalem.

agreement.

Prince Hassan. Honorary Membership was conferred on the Crown

Prince at the society's awards and medals ceremony on June 13 by the society's president, Lord Jellicoe. Dr. Hani Mnlki, secretary

general of the Higher Council for Science and Technology collected the "Royal Scroll" when visiting the society on June 17 to take it to the Crown Prince personally. Honorary Membership

award is given to "mark outstanding services to public life and to international affairs that merit recognition by the society." Recent reci-pients of this accolade inchude the Prince of Wales and Princess Maha Chakri Sirindhorn of Thailand. A press release issued by the Jordan Information

Bureau in London said: The Crown Prince has a

strong personal commitment to environmental conservation. Among many other acti-vities, he founded the Royal Scientific Society and the Higher Council for Science and Technology. He bas stressed conservation in fonr different national development plans that be chaired. In particular, a speech by the Crown Prince to the United Nations General Assembly led to his founding the Independent Commission on International Humanitarian Issues, many of whose reports have been on geographical themes. He was deeply involved in Jordan's planning for the Rio Earth summit and has stressed sustainable development in the

and other international fora. Crown Prince Hassan is closely involved with the Royal Geographical Society, since he invited RGS scientists to join Jordanian colleagues in the Jordan Badia Research and Development Programme, which is currenty in the field in the desert in eastern Jordan.

U.S. senator turned away from Haiti

- Armed soldiers turned back U.S. Senator Bob Grabarn when he tried to visit Haiti's border with the Dominican Republic to check on enforcement of international economic sanctions against Haiti.

Accompanied by U.S. Amnon Shahak, Israel's de-

> contingent at a checkpoint in Fumbya, seven miles (11 kms) from the border, told

Clinton cautious

and South Korea, and he also spoke with Mr. Clinton by telephone on bis talks in

House visit that be had reported on the interest of the North Korean leadership in freezing all activity that produces fuel for nuclear weapons and allowing continued international monitor-

ing of its nuclear facilities North Korea in turn wants a resumption of talks with the United States and others on establishing normal diplomatic and economic relations, as well as an immediate end to U.S. efforts to bring international sanctions to bear on

Mr. Carter made clear he thought the U.S. sanctions effort should be dropped and said he thought "the crisis is

British society honours **Prince** Hassan

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Royal Geographical Society of Britain (RGS) has conferred its bighest award to His Royal Highness Crown

Middle East peace process

checkpoint

FUMBYA, Haiti (Agencies)

Ambassador William Swing, Gen. Graham's visit came two days after Haiti's de facto government barred unauthorised people from the border, the coastline. Haiti's international waters and other 'strategic areas.' The captain of a seven-man

Gen. Graham pleasantly but firmly that he needed written authorisation to proceed. Gen. Graham, a Florida Democrat, said he was dis-

appointed about being turned back but added, "I'm not surprised. Gen. Graham called the

decree restricting people's movement, "the kind of action that you would expect from an authoritarian regime which considers itself to be increasingly isolated and under threat.

Provisional President Emile Jonassain1, installed by the army last month but not recognised by foreign govern-ments, issued the movement edict late Friday.

The embargo is designed to pressure Haiti's ruling military to turn over power to elected President Jean-Bertrand Aristide, who was ousted in a September 1991 coup. President Clinton last week barred most financial transactions between the two countries, and commercial flights will stop June 25.

Meanwhile, the United States will begin broadcasting messages to the Haitian army in the next few days urging them to rebel against the military junia, the New York Times reported Monday citing government officials.



Philip Morris chairman bows

NEW YORK (AFP)

Tobacco giant Philip Morris' chairman and chief executive, Michael Miles, has stepped down after three years in the post. Mr. Miles said he believed it was time for a "career Philip Morris executive in the top job." He previously served as president and chief operating officer at Kraft General Foods. Philip Morris, which has food and tobacco operations, said Mr. Miles' resignation was accepted Saturday by Citicorp Chairman John Reed, chairman of the Philip Morris Board's Compensation Committee. The company said in a statement Sunday that its board had named Vice Chairman R. William Murray as chairman, and vice chairman and board member Geoffrey Bible as president and chief executive. "I leave with full confidence that the difficult decisions made over the past two years will be proven right by our results in 1994 and beyond," Mr. Miles said in a company statement. "Now, however, with the resurgence of our U.S. tobacco business. and the continued strong growth in international tobacco, it makes sense to again have a career Philip Morris executive in the top job," he said.

3 Germans in shooting incident in Thalland

BANGKOK (AFP) - A German restauranteur has been charged with the murder of a German business partner and the wounding of a second one on the Thai resort island of Ko Samui, police said Monday. Police on the island, reached by telephone, said that Harly Jumex, 50, had shot dead Jakob Hurter, 59, in an argument over money at their restaurant on Lamai Beach Sunday morning. He then shot and wounded another partner, Bokard Katz, 35 before turning the gun on him-self in a suicide attempt, police said. The German embassy in Bangkok confirmed the incident but said it volved pending notification of next of kin. Both Jumex and Katz were in serious condition, police said. A hospital official in Surat Thani, where Jumex was transferred, said he remained unconscious with a bullet wound in the

Thais burn 1,500 kilos of confiscated drugs

BANGKOK (AFP) — Thai authorities Monday burned 1,589 kilos (3,495 pounds) of illegal drugs confiscated in the past year to demonstrate their determination to suppress narcotics. The burning ceremony, on the grounds of a police school in central Bangkok, "illustrates that the Thai government does not intend to resell these narcotic drugs," a statement from the Narcotics Control Division said. It was the 16th such burning ceremony since August 1977, for a total of more tban 31.000 kilos (68,000 pounds) of illicit drugs. The drugs destroyed Monday included 733 kilos (1,612 pounds) of heroin, II7 kilos (257 pounds) of morphine, 115 kilos (253 pounds) of opium, 65 kilos (143 pounds) of marijuana and 14 kilos (30 pounds) of cocaine and codeine - all seized by police in the last year. Another 541 kilos (1,190 pounds) of marijuana seized by the Office of Narcotics Control Board were also burned.

Ten tonnes of marijuana seized in Netherlands

ROTTERDAM, Netherlands (AFP) - Dutch police seized 10 tonnes of marijuana from a jeans-filled container and arrested three people including a 41-year-old Briton, a police statement said Sunday. The marijuana, with a street value of about \$16 milon, was burnt as soon as it had been seized, police said. The indentities of the Briton and the Dutchmen aged 30 and 56 were not released, in accordance with Dutch tradition. The container had been picked out Friday night by Dutch enstoms during a routine check in Rotterdam

NEWS IN BRIEF

Israel spends \$10m on upgrading crossings

KING HUSSEIN BRIDGE (AFP) — Israel is investing \$10 million to improve facilities at the border crossings from Jordan and Egypt to the occupied territories, Transport Minister Yisrael Kessar said Monday. "We are expecting more than one million passengers this year compared with 350,000 last year," Mr. Kessar told reportant the same same control of the control o work, which included electronic scanners and one-way mirrors, will modernise the facilities ready for joint control of the terminals with the Palestinians in line with the autonomy agreement. It was due to be completed by the middle of next month. Major-General Danny Rotbschild, Israel's coordinator for the occupied territories, said the Palestinians could take up their positions as soon as they are ready, but only in the terminal not on the bridge, which marks the border. "As far as the bridge is concerned the Israeli Defence Forces will be responsible," be said. The border crossing at Rafah links the Gaza Strip with Egypt.

Palestinians publish self-rule newspaper JERICHO (R) — The Palestinian self-rule authority has begun publishing a newspaper, an official in Jericho said on Monday. The first issue of Al Awda, or "The Return," featured the Palestinian eagle and a picture of Yasser Arafat at the top of the front page. "A warm welcome awaits the arrival of the leader and figurehead," read the lead story's report on preparations for Mr. Arafat's return. Senior adviser Nabil Shaalh said on Sunday that Mr. Arafat will visit the Palestinian self-rule areas this month. The eight-page newspaper focused heavily on other Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) officials and included a poem for a young man killed during the uprising against Israeli rule. "It is important for every national authority to have a newspaper. Every government must have a newspaper," said Mohammad Shaker, head of the Palestinian information department in the Jericho self-rule enclave that produces the weekly. He said the first edition last Friday ran to 1,000 copies which were handed out free to Palestinian police in Jericho. Next month, the authority would start charging one Israeli shekel per copy and hoped to distribute in the Gaza Strip as well, Mr. Shaker said.

Two killed in Iran earthquake

TEHRAN (AFP) — Two people were killed and 50 others injured when an earthquake measuring 6.1 on the Richter scale rocked soutbern Iran on Monday, Tehran Radio reported. The earthquake hit regions in the southwestern Fars province which borders the Gulf, it said. The casualties occured in Meymand, 110 kilometres south of the city of Shiraz, the official news agency IRNA said. The quake also caused a landslide in the Zanjiran mountain, 90 kilometres south of Shiraz. blocking a tunnel on a road between Shiraz and Firuzabad. IRNA said. Rescuers immediately rushed to the scene. An-earthquake measuring 5.4 on the Richter scale hit the same region on June 11, but only caused damage.

Ugglas urges Palestinians to lead Arabs to democracy STOCKHOLM (AFP) - Swedish Foreign Minister Margaretba Af Ugglas urged Palestinians to lead the way towards democracy in the Arab World, addressing the Palestinian Commission for Citizens' Rights as she opened a three-day human rights seminar in Stockholm Monday. "You Palestinians now have the chance to lead the way in the Arab World towards a society built on democracy and respect for individuals' rights," Ms. Af Ugglas said. "There are ton few democratic institutions in the Arab World today, with the exception of a few hopeful signs, such as Jordan," she added. The Palestinian rights organisation, the creation of which was announced on June 8, is chaired by former Palestinian spokeswoman Hanan Ashrawi. "Free, general and democratic elections are a fundamental step towards the establishment of such a society. Therefore, it is the Swedish government's hope that an election of the Palestinian Council be held as soon as possible," Ms. Af Ugglas said. "It is also important that the Palestinian leadership respect the fundamental principles of insight. responsibility and efficiency." The foreign minister also

applauded Dr. Ashrawi's initiative in building the indepen-

dent commission, and reiterated Sweden's commitment to

improving the standard of living of the Palestinian people.

NATO, Russia close to agreement on new ties

issues, are close to a final agreement on their future relationship following weekend

The sources told Reuters the two sides would probably complete a joint declaration later on Monday which would be issued when Russian Foreign Minister Andrei Kozvrev signs NATO's Partnership for Peace scheme on

world power. But diplomats said Russian Deputy Foreign Miniater Vitaly Churkin had shown great flexibility in talks on Saturday at NATO headquarters and that the alliance had managed to retain most of what it wanted in the

"Essentially, the Russians their demands and accepted that NATO has to put certain very clear limits on the relationship," said one alliance diplomat

Mr. Churkin, arriving for more talks at NATO,

The short political declara-

Moscow had asked for formal consultations with the alliance on security issues but NATO has set clear limits, insisting that it cannot give Russia any right to call talks or any influence over its deci-

The joint statement based on a one-page draft prepared by NATO pledges that relations between the alliance and Russia will develop over time, but only on an informal basis.

fugees, has been a focus of

tension in the past two years.

On April 22, a gunman shot and wounded a Muslim

prayer leader at a mosque in

Mashhad in the first such

attack on an imam during a

Hojatoleslam Abai Khor-

asani is one of the most in-

fluential religious leaders in

Mashhad. Iran blamed the

Mujahedeen for the attack.

tbat it had arrested 100

"bonligans" and "trouble-makers" in a crackdown on

social corruption, but gave no

Mashhad was the scene of

riots in May 1992, during

which hundreds of govern-

ment buildings and shops

were lonted or set on fire.

people were arrested and

four of the main culprits ex-

ecuted in connection with the

sion between the Sunni Mus-

lim and Shiite Muslim com-

munities in the past months

over the destruction by the

municipality of a Sunm mos-que in Mashhad to make way

for developmental projects, according to informed

Earlier on Monday, tens of

thousands of bystanders

crowded the streets of

Tehran to watch religious pa-

Parades marking Ashura

had been low-key this year in

marked contrast to the self-

inflicted blood-letting and

flagellation which had char-

acterised previous proces-

Ayatollah Khamenei last

week criticised the practice of

head-slasbing, known as "qameb-zani," saying it was

an "evil and wrong custom" and it was banned by Iranian

rades marking Ashura.

There have also been ten-

Official figures said 300

The police said in March

religious service in Iran.

BRUSSELS (R) — The North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) and Russia. overcoming recent disputes over key European security talks in Brussels, alliance

sources said on Monday.

Wednesday. Moscow, complaining that the West ignored its views on issues such as Bosnia, had been pressing for special poli-tical ties with NATO beyond the partnership scheme to reflect its status as a major

have backed off on some of

appeared confident that agreement was close. Asked whether he thought the joint declaration could be finalised on Monday, be told reporters; "Sure. Of course I am."

tion recognises that Russia has a particular weight in Europe and lays out general principles of the relationship between NATO and Mos-

Jordan to help education sector (Continued from page 1) secondary education, the vertical links with universities. "Unless we do that, we developing community colleges and curricula and sup-

would not be able to cope with the Israeli challenge, especially in the wake of a 27-year occupation period during which Israeli hege- in nnemployment among mony was imposed on the community college graduates Palestinian people in various testify to the absence of comprehensive planning, wareconomic and social sectors," ranting a review of commun Jordan's backing and of learning from its expertise in

all domains. After the Higher Education Conncil resumed its meeting, Prince Hassan reviewed the main features that characterised efforts exerted since 1986 to develop higher education. He said these efforts resulted in the formation of a higher education policy working group and 45

specialised committees and other sub-committees which have held many meetings and prepared many reports.

He noted that the most important issues in this regard are the new structure of ance.

ity colleges' curricula and programmes and urging an update to their role to make it fit the needs of the local society. The Regent said the number of students at government universities has reached this year 50,000, adding that

porting universities.

tunities.

this tangible expansion in higher education created an imbalance between the number of graduating students and the available job oppor-The Crown Prince said Jordan's experience in opening

private universities requires monitoring their perform-

Chopra:High Jordanian potential (Continued from page 1)

directly refer to the circulation of the dinar in the occupied territories, the issue was raised during a meeting he bad with the Finance Committee of the Lower House of Parliament on Monday.

Abdul Karim Kabariti, an Agaba deputy and member of the committee, said be called on Mr. Chopra to help Jordan maintain the stability of the dinar, assist it secure debt relief and extend assistance to the Kingdom to plug its budgetary deficits for a period of 10 years.

"We expressed appreciation of the role of the World Bank," Mr. Kabariti told the Jordan Times. "Most members of the Financial Committee share that view despite the sensitivities about the perceived role of the World Bank and trust the advice and recommendations the bank gives to Jordan," he said.

Mr. Kabariti said he also expressed appreciation for the personal involvement of Mr. Chopra in "helping Jordan get out of the current situation to a better one that will put an end to the state of depression that some segments of the society are living

"A balance has to be created between our ambitions and sacrifices and our foreign debts," Mr. Kabariti said he told Mr. Chopra.

Any peace in the region would not be complete without realistic improvements in the life of the people, he said. "We in Jordan believe that peace is a strategic choice, an objective and a political

priority," he said. "But it is unjust for the world to expect us to accept all that is offered and discussed if these are not related to Jordan's real resources and a comprehensive social perspective of the Kingdom.'

That was an implicit reference to World Bank recommendations that structural reforms, including upward revision of tariffs be introduced in the water and energy sec-Mr. Kabariti said he made

three specific proposals to the World Bank. These were: — Setting up a \$700 million fund to belp Jordan maintain the stability of the dinar and protect the currency against any effort to weaken it in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

and making the dinar the

official currency of the

Palestinians, if that could be

agreed upon, without affecting the exchange rate value of the currency. - Full or partial write-off of Jordan's debts to ensure that the ratio between the debts and the gross domestic product is "reasonable under international standards."

- Aid to Jordan amounting to 51 per cent of its annual budget for the next IO Realisation of these prop-

osals, along with the economic restructuring programme, could help Jordan move on to a new era of growth and prosperily," Mr. Kabariti It was not immediately known how Mr. Chopra re-

sponded to the call.

Israeli troops harass Shaath (Continued from page 1)

reasons," The planned visit angered right-wing Israelis who staged protests. Dr. Shaath had announced

were "internal Palestinian

a "purely personal visit" to East Jerusalem. He admitted that Israel. which wants to ban all aspects

of self-rule from the Holy City, had interfered.
The new Palestinian "minister" of international cooperation and planning said he hoped to tour Jeru-

salem next week. "There is a need for security coordination and they said my visit would complicate that," Mr. Shaath told repor-

"They told me about their security plans and let me decide to go or not. I need to go to Gaza and I asked to postpone the visit." However, Dr. Shaatb spent the day in Jericho and

left only well into the afternonn, taking a detour to avoid Jerusalem. Then he faced on ordeal as the Israeli army denied him assage at a checkpoint. Dr. Shaath had to return to Jericho and contacted

puty chief of staff.
"Someone irresponsible thought of stopping me," Dr. Shaath said. "This is totally unacceptable. They have no right to stop us between Jericho and Ouja or between Jericho and the West Bank.'

(Continued from page 1)

Pyongyang with President Kim Il-Sung. Assistant Secretary of State Robert Gallucci said after Mr. Carter's White

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